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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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Search For Indo-British Settlement

Mahatma On His Talks With Sapru

CONGRESS CABINET ALONE CAN DECIDE TERMS

But Speculation Can't Aid Any Move For Common Action

WARDHAGANJ, March 6.

"I must warn the public against journalistic flights of imagination. No importance need be attached to my visits to Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru and there meeting quite accidentally Kunver Sir Jagdish Prasad, then Pandit Malaviyaji and the morning following Shri Vijaya Laxmi Pundit and finally Maulana Saheb Abul Kalam Azad. They were all of them friendly visits wholly unarranged when I left Sevagram for Allahabad", thus says Mahatma Gandhi in a statement to the press.

TALKS WITH SAPRU

Gandhiji says:—

"I had gone for one mission and that alone. What little other work I did was purely accidental. I refer to my meeting some students and Garhwali workers. Sir Tej Bahadur I went to see because he was ailing. We are old friends. He was to have come to see me, but when I heard that he was ill I insisted on going to him. No doubt we talked about the political situation and even more about the Hindu-Muslim problem.

Sir Jagdish who dropped in and who was to dine at Sir Tej Bahadur's joined the conversation. But not the slightest political importance attaches to these conversations. We talked as individuals and not with regard to any mission.

THEY ARE ANXIOUS.

Sir Tej Bahadur is anxious to end the present deadlock. He would give any thing to bring about Hindu-Muslim unity. He ascribes to me over much capacity for bringing about unity. Sir Jagdish is no less anxious. But the talks were no more than a friendly interchange of views.

VISIT TO MALAVIYAJI.

As to the visit to Malaviyaji Maharaj, the same thing happened. He is aged. He ought not to talk about current events. He is too weak. But the country's affairs are his daily food. He will cease to think about them when he ceases to read and think of the Bhagwat Gita. These things are the breath of his life and they will stop with the stoppage of his last breath. Who knows but that he will take them where the disembodied spirit goes. It was a privilege to meet these friends, but our talks have no bearing on the political situation in the country and there could be none in the purely prison visits to the Maulana and Shri Vijaya Lakshmi Pandit.

SEARCH FOR SETTLEMENT

I know that the imaginary descriptions of such visits and the eagerness with which the public devour them show their desire for communal unity and a solution of the political deadlock. But mere desire will take us no nearer its fulfilment. For fulfilment can only come through common action on the part of those who share the desire. All are searching for common action. Speculation interferes with the search.

CONGRESS STAND

So far as the Congress is concerned, its policy and action based thereon are well known. It is gross misrepresentation to suggest that the Congress is out for securing terms for itself. Freedom of speech is for all even as Independence will be for all. The contents of the latter will be decided not by the Congress but by the vote of all. And if it is to be achieved non-violently it fol-

(Continued on page 4.)

MAHATMA GANDHI

Deadlock Talks In Delhi

Jagdish Prasad Meets Party Leaders In Legislature

NEW DELHI, March 6.

Kunwar Sir Jagdish Prasad arrived in Delhi to-day. He had talks with the leaders of various parties in the Central Legislature. After a couple of days stay in Delhi he is proceeding to Bombay to attend the political conference of which he is the convener. The conference begins on March 13.—A. P.

Awaiting Bombay Conference Decisions

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, March 6.

Official circles appear to be disappointed that Mr. Kallikar did not move his resolution to-day regarding the Viceroy's Council. It was intended that Government's spokesman should explain in a statement in the course of the debate that the Viceroy's offer is not inconsistent with the demand made in the resolution for non-official majority and Indian members for Finance and Defence.

During the last two days consultations had been going on among members of Mr. Kallikar's party as to the advisability of raising a debate on the resolution at this stage. Some felt that Mr. Kunzru's resolution did not go far enough, while some others thought it would be better to await the outcome of the Bombay Conference and take up the subject in a better atmosphere later when the Finance Bill is discussed. In the meantime it is expected that the Bombay Conference may consider the desirability of sending a formal deputation to the Viceroy.

BULGARIA WILL REGRET IT!

British Warning

RUPTURE MAY LEAD TO BOMBING

Soviet Denunciation Of Nazi Occupation Continues

LONDON, March 6.

An "Associated Press" message from Ankara says that the Turkish Ambassador in Berlin is expected shortly to deliver the Turkish reply to Hitler's Note.

The fact that the Moscow radio condemned German action in Bulgaria for the third night in succession is taken in Ankara to indicate Russia's real interest in Bulgaria.

Turkish Papers Ignore It

Although no definite details about the message which Hitler sent to President Ineunu are yet available, it is rumoured here that the message is just general assurances but contains nothing of a concrete nature, says an Ankara message. It is significant that Turkish papers ignore Hitler's message.

ICY SHOWER BATH FOR NAZIS

Great satisfaction regarding what they term Soviet's blunt expression of disapproval over Germany's occupation of Bulgaria is expressed in all leading newspapers.

The "Tan" declares: "Soviets administer an icy shower bath to Germans and Bulgarians," while the "Ikdam" says: "The Soviet Union in an unusually hardened tone shows great irritation over the presence of German troops in the region considered Russian security zone and only seventy miles from the region of the Dardanelles."

BOMBS AFTER RUPTURE

The British Note to Bulgaria severing diplomatic relations is clear and definite—it means that Britain may now bomb German troop concentrations in Bulgaria and along with it Bulgarian territory. The Ankara radio made this comment to-day.

COMMONS STATEMENT.

"Bulgaria will live to regret her decision". Cheers greeted this statement by Mr. R. A. Butler, Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs when the House of Commons asked for particulars respecting the withdrawal of the British Minister from Sofia.

Mr. Butler said that the reasons for withdrawal which had been given in the Note presented to the Bulgarian Government were briefly, that the presence in ever increasing force of German troops on Bulgarian territory the object of which could only be to menace and if necessary attack Britain's Ally, Greece and the active co-operation of the Bulgarian Government in the German occupation were incompatible with the maintenance of British diplomatic representation in Bulgaria.

His Majesty's Government have no doubt that Bulgaria will live to regret her decision", Mr. Butler added.

The Speaker intervened and intimated that the matter did not arisen when Mr. Butler was asked to particularise on the attitude of Soviet Russia towards the invasion of Bulgaria.

CIVIL MOBILISATION.

Civil mobilisation by the Chief of the Administration of National Health of all doctors, dispensing chemists and other persons engaged in medical services is ordered by the Bulgarian State Council, says a Sofia dispatch to the German News Agency.

Satyagraha

ARRESTS AND CONIVCTIONS

HUBLI, March 6.

The following are the names of persons sentenced in connection with Satyagraha:—

BIJAPUR DIST: Andaneppa Challikar, Kallappa Javalagi, Mallappa Endigeri, Basappa Balagalli, Ismail Saheb Hattarakihal, Veerbhadrappa Ranjanagi and Malakappa Khudanpur each convicted to six months' simple. Dada Uppar Shamkarapa Haibatti also from Bijapur District was sentenced to four months.

DHARWAR DIST: Henamant Annaji Joshi to four months' simple and Veerangouda Rudragouda Marigouda to four months' simple and Rs. 55 or two months' further imprisonment.

BELLARY DIST: Ballad Chennappa and Pattikonda Gurunathseti prominent merchants of Hospet were sentenced to six months' R. I. and Rs. 800 fine in default two months' and six months' rigorous and Rs. 1,000 fine in default two months' respectively.—A. P.

In Karnatak:

BELGAUM, March 5.

Mr. S. N. Angdi, former President, Belgaum District Local Board and a former M.L.C., and Mr. Channappa Wali were sentenced to six months' and four months' simple imprisonment respectively for offering Satyagraha. —A. P.

Jail & Fine For Talati

(From Our Correspondent.)

DOHAD, (By Mail.)

Syt. Sajjanlal Talati who offered Satyagraha last night was sentenced to one day simple imprisonment and Rs. 200 fine in default to undergo four months simple imprisonment by the First Class Magistrate of Dohad.

13 Congressmen Jailed

ALLAHABAD, March 6.

Mr. Deo Saran Singh of the District Congress Committee and Mr. Mahabir Singh of the City Congress Committee, were arrested to-day.

It is stated that the arrests were a sequel to a search made by the police in the offices of the Allahabad District and City Congress Committee offices on Feb. 16.

Thirteen Congress workers were sentenced by the City Magistrate, Allahabad, under the Defence of India Rules in connection with the Satyagraha to varying terms of R. I. ranging from one year to 15 months and fined from Rs. 50 to 200. Four persons were awarded imprisonment only. One person was discharged.—A. P.

POLITICALS & THEIR FINES

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, March 6

Following figures, collected upto February 10th last, of the political prisoners and the amount of fines imposed per district, were forwarded to the A. I. C. C. by the Maharashtra P. C. C. office. The number of politicals includes 221 Satyagrahis.

District.	Politicals.	Fine Rs.
West Khandesh	17	1,195
East Khandesh	15	180
Nasik	25	2,910
Poona	48	3,150
Sholapur*	17	275
Ahmednagar	37	3,325
Thana	31	2,125
Bombay Suburban	22	1,100
Kolaba	30	2,375
Ratnagiri	22	1,025
Satara	40	2,155
Total	305	19,815

*Sholapur figures are incomplete.

SASTRI NOT ATTENDING

MADRAS, March 6.

It is now learnt that the Rt. Hon. V. S. Srinivasa Sastri is not attending the non-Party Leaders' Conference in Bombay to be held next week.—A. P.

BRITAIN REHEARSES GERMAN INVASION

Sham Battle Lasting A Week Shows Defence Strength

LONDON, March 6.

Britain's home defences were recently mobilised and they emerged successfully from exacting and realistic operations against a supposed invading force which for the purpose of the test was given every conceivable advantage. Some details of the operations were disclosed for the first time by the War Minister, Captain Margesson, speaking in the House of Commons on army estimates.

Capt. Margesson said that the danger of invasion was very real, but every possibility open to the ingenuity of the enemy had been considered so far as we could read their minds.

SHAM BATTLE.

In a recent sham battle lasting about a week in which both civil organisations and Military Staff participated, our most brilliant Staff Officers were allocated the role of the German General Staff and instructed to make plans for an attack upon Britain. The ingenuity of this improvised Enemy Staff resulted in a scale of attack far heavier than anything the Germans are actually likely to make.

The enemy was allowed to inflict every conceivable preliminary disaster. There were many landings by sea and air and the effect of continuous air bombardment of central points was designed to cause a breakdown of many means of communication. Notwithstanding this assumption of the worst, the defence organisations both civil, naval, military and air force came through the ordeal with the very greatest credit.

FIGHTING METTLE NEW.

Our situation in June 1940 after Dunkirk was unenviable. Fortunately part of the Expeditionary Force's reserve equipment had been stored in Britain and the stores were got away from depots south of the Somme. Furthermore, equipment "en route" from America to France was diverted to Britain. The transformation effected in one month was perhaps unequalled in history. The bad times we had since Dunkirk had been turned to good effect. Most of the major formations are now compartively well equipped and we are able to form new divisions. We are also now able to supply material aid to our Allies.

EQUIPMENT POSITION.

The position as regards equipment has greatly improved since last summer and gives some cause for confidence. The gaps still existing in some classes of equipment are closing weekly and with the aid of British and Dominions and Indian production and growing American output, the time is not distant when we shall have the army fully equipped and fully trained. We are not sitting tight inside our defences, but endeavouring daily for the improvement of our system of static and mobile defence.—Reuter.

KHAN BAHADUR ALLABAKSH

who is forming a new Ministry in Sind with himself as Premier. The Mir Cabinet collapsed in dramatic circumstances.

(SEE PAGE 7.)

PALLIWAL TO CONTEST HIS CASE

LUCKNOW, March 6.

Pandit Sri Krishna Dutta Palliwal, M.L.A., (Central), and President of the U. P. C. C., who was arrested earlier in the week, it is understood, has agreed to contest his case in a court of law at the request of Mr. Gopinath Srivastava who interviewed him in Gorakhpur jail recently.

A report received from Gorakhpur states that no date has been fixed for the trial of Pandit Palliwal.—A. P.

U. S. Restrictions On Italian Consulates

WASHINGTON, March 6.

The movements of Italian Consulate Officials throughout the United States are to be restricted to the areas in which they exercise their recognised official duties. This is the burden of a Note sent by the State Department to the Italian Ambassador.

The Italian Diplomatic Staff in Washington are excluded from the request, but the Embassy is asked to keep the State Department informed of any movements outside Washington of any naval or military personnel.

Mr. Cordell Hull's Note does not explain why the United States has taken this action which is believed to be unprecedented against a country with which the United States is at peace, but the Note has an asperity which indicates resentment at the closing of the American Consulates at Palermo and Naples.

The State Department's closing order affects two of the most important Italian Consulates in the country. Both in Detroit and Newark, there are large Italian communities and Fascists are strong and active.—Reuter.

BR. NAVY'S SURPRISE RAID ON LOFOTEN ISLANDS

Huge Losses Inflicted On Enemy Shipping: 215 German Prisoners & 10 'Quislings' Taken

LONDON, March 6.

Nine German merchant vessels and one Norwegian vessel under German control were sunk during the British Navy's raid on Lofoten islands according to an Admiralty communique. The losses inflicted on enemy shipping totalled approximately 18,000 tons.

OBJECT OF RAID.

The object of the raid was to destroy plants used for the production of fish oil. This was successfully achieved and the British took 215 German prisoners and ten "quislings." The raid was carried out with little opposition. One German naval officer and six ratings were killed. No damage or casualties were sustained by the British forces. The raid was carried out with the aid of Norwegian marines and British troops.

AIR VICE-MARSHAL KILLED IN ACTIVE SERVICE

Air Vice-Marshal Breese has been killed on active service as a result of a flying accident, states the Air Ministry.

Air Vice-Marshal Breese was appointed Air Officer Commanding (Reconnaissance) Group in September 1938 and promoted Air Vice-Marshal in July last year.—

Losses In Middle East

Authoritative Air Ministry figures covering the period between February 27 and March 5 disclose that the British losses were 19 machines against 79 enemy, 61 of the latter figure being destroyed in the Middle East Theatre of war.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

16 DUTCHMEN TO HANG

BERLIN, March 6.

Sixteen Dutchmen have been condemned to death by a Military Court at The Hague, says a despatch to the German News Agency.

The remainder of 43 accused, the message adds, have been sent to prison or fined except six who are acquitted.

The men were charged with sabotage, espionage and plotting to assassinate German soldiers by use of poisoned pencils, drawing pins and drinks. The accused were alleged to belong to a secret society whose aim was to make the life of German occupation troops as difficult as possible.—Reuter.

NAZI MARCH TOWARDS GREECE

LONDON, March 6.

The march of German troops into Bulgaria is now assuming the proportions of a mass movement towards the Greek-Bulgarian frontier, stated the Ankara radio to-night. All means of conveyance including trains, lorries and buses are being utilised.

The announcer suggested that Germany was out to fight Britain wherever she found it possible to do so and was "doubtless seeking the weakest point in the British chain of defence". It was added that Mr. Rendel, the British Minister, would not be leaving Sofia for another two or three days.—

EDEN AND DILL BACK IN CAIRO

CAIRO, March 6

Mr. Eden and Sir John Dill have returned here from their visit to Athens.—Reuter.

ITALIAN SHIP SUNK IN ADRIATIC

ATHENS, March 6.

A Greek submarine has sunk an Italian supply ship in the Adriatic, according to an official Greek "communique."—Reuter.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word

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CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p. c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE", if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPE WRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

Wanted a beautiful young accomplished educated Hindu Bride of good respectable family for a young Hindu Bachelor of forty Years owning landed property, income of one thousand rupees per month. Apply with Photo Box No. 14307, "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a Resident Lady House Surgeon for a maternity Hospital, See Dr. Divekar, Lamington Chambers, opposite Pathe between 7—8 P.M. (14792)

Wanted influential Ladies and Gentlemen as Branch Managers throughout Bombay Presidency on Rs. 100/- with increment, T.A., Establishment charges and pension benefits for our Branches to be opened shortly. Apply to The Indian Investment Trust Limited, Ottapalam, (Malabar). (14790)

Wanted Candidates to become Sub-Engineers, Overseers by Post. Principal, British India Technical College (B.C.) Sukkur (Sind). (14247)

Wanted One Chemist with Practical Experience for the Manufacture of Potasium Bichromate Apply Box No. 14271, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted candidates for station-master, and signaller's course scholarship Rs. 30/- and Railway fare terms. Free quarter. Apply with 2 annas stamps The Director, All-India Railway Routine Training Institute, Delhi. (14143)

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted District and Selling Agents to sell Indian made artistic porcelain wares in Bombay Presidency. Give Bank reference. Apply Box No. 14789, "Bombay Chronicle."

346. INVESTMENTS

Wanted gentleman or lady financier to join or advance Rupees Five Thousand for a small scale industry at Bangalore City (Mysore State). Guaranteed return 15%. Future estimated yield 30%. Not affected by war conditions. Apply Box No. 14787, "Bombay Chronicle."

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
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Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

WANTED

CLERKS and TYPISTS (minimum qualifications Matriculate). For typists, speed above forty words, on Rs. 50/- per month Previous office experience essential. Applications in own handwriting giving age, caste, qualifications etc. should reach the undersigned upto 11-3-1941. Interviews not allowed unless called for.

CONTROLLER OF INSPECTION,
Indian Stores Department,
Reserve Bank Building,
Fort, Bombay.
(4490)

NOTICE TO JURYMEN.

GENTLEMEN OF THE COMMON JURY summoned for the current Criminal Sessions are required to attend at the High Court on Friday the 7th March 1941 at 10-45 A.M. (S.T.).

T. SINCLAIR KENNEDY,
Sheriff of Bombay.
Bombay, 6th March, 1941.
(4489)

INDIAN STORES DEPARTMENT.

TENDER NOTICE.

THE CONTROLLER OF PURCHASE, Indian Stores Department, Bombay, invites tenders for the supply of 2,025 ft. of hose canvas delivery 2-1/2 in. to the Naval Store Officer, H.M.I.N. Dockyard, Bombay.

Tender forms No. SY. BH. 4411 in duplicate may be obtained from him on payment in cash of Rs. 2 per set (not refundable). Tenders will be received in this Office upto 12 noon on 17th March, 1941 and opened at 12 noon on the following day.
4487.

POONA CITY MUNICIPALITY

TENDER NOTICE.

ANNUAL TENDERS for the various supplies required for the Poona City Municipality for the year 1941-42 will be received by the undersigned on or before 14-3-1941 till 4 p.m. Tender forms will be sold from 1-3-1941 to 13-3-1941 both days inclusive, on Office days and during Office Hours in store Office of the Poona City Municipality.

Tender forms will be also available from the Director, Local Self-Government Institute, 11, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay, during above days after paying the necessary charges.

M. D. DALVI.
Ag: Chief Officer, P.C.M.
4448.

G.I.P. RLY.—TENDERS.

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, invites tenders for the manufacture of parts of points and crossings 100 lbs. B.H. section, from rails to be supplied by the Railway. Tender forms available from the Controller of Stores' Office at Rs. 2/- per copy, and Drawings Rs. 6-12-0 per set which amounts will not be refunded. Payment by cheque, postal orders or postage stamps will not be accepted. Closing date Wednesday, the 19th March, 1941, at 3 p.m. (S.T.).
(4482)

549. FURNITURE FOR SALE

For Sale dispensary Furniture at moderate rate. Apply Box No. 14306, "Bombay Chronicle."

652. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Available Decent lots of perfectly safe, high dividend paying shares of Lahore Electrics, Multan Electrics, Upper India Sugars, Murree Brewery. Apply Investors Weekly, Lahore. (14299)

Public Notices

G.I.P. RAILWAY.

WANTED candidates to fill 15 posts of FIREMEN pay Rs. 60-5-90.

2. Age not less than 18 years on 1st April, 1941. Educational qualifications not lower than V. Standard of English under the Government Grant-in-aid Code of the Bombay University or its equivalent. Candidates should be physically fit generally and have the following sight standard:—

DISTANT VISION:—As tested with Landolt's split rings must be 6/6 in each eye without glasses and the manifest hypermetropia not more than 1.0 in each eye.

NEAR VISION:—Snellen 0.5 in each eye without glasses. Colour perception as tested with the Edridge Green Lantern should be normal.

NIGHT VISION:—Candidates suffering from night blindness will be rejected.

3. Form of application obtainable from the Divisional Transportation Superintendent, Bhusaval, on payment of Re. 1/- BY MONEY ORDER ONLY. Full name and address of applicant should be entered in BLOCK CAPITAL letters on Money Order Coupon; otherwise Money Orders are liable to be returned. Last date for receipt of Money Order is 17th March, 1941.

4. Candidates called for interview should attend entirely at their own expense. A call for an interview will not imply an offer of definite employment.
(4469)

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. SIMON REUBEN has agreed to sell the undermentioned property to our client. All persons having any claims against the said property by way of mortgage, sale, inheritance, gift, lease, lien, charge, use, trust or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Nos. 41/45, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without regard to any such claims and the same, if any, will be considered to have been waived.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of vacant freehold land or ground, containing by admeasurement 110 Square Yards or thereabouts situate lying and being at Charni Road (Girgaum) without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey Nos. 1/8480 (Part) & 8041 (Part) and bearing Cadastral Survey Nos. 1467 (Part) & 1468 (Part) of Girgaum Division and assessed by the Assessor & Collector of Municipal Rates & Taxes under D Ward No. 1176, Old Street Nos. 11-13c @ 33 and New Street Nos. 275 to 297 and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Deoji Dharsi & Son, on or towards the West by property of the Vendor agreed to be acquired by the Bombay Municipality & beyond that by Charni Road, on or towards the South by the property of Deoji Dharsi & Son and on or towards the West by the property of the Vendor.

Dated this 6th day of March 1941

MINOCHEHER MANCHERSHAH HIRALAL & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys
(4488)

Auction Sales

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF COCOANUTS: large quantity of coir rope and coir yarn Bundles: Loose coir yarn: oil: Waste papers: artificial silk yarn: Piece goods: about 20,000 Mangalore tiles: Tea: Jungle wood: scantlings etc.: wood: Iron: empty tins: Drums: coir mats: iron bars: gunny bags: Wreckage of country craft: iron wooden frames (concrete moulds): etc., etc.

Under instructions from the Deputy conservator, Bombay Port Trust, and in accordance with the provisions of Section 277, Part VII, of the Indian Merchant Shipping Act XXI of 1923, Messrs. MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 12th March, 1941, at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.) at Lakri Bunder Mazagon the above goods salved from the sea and sunken craft.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required on the lots being knocked down.

MENESSE & CO.

The never-to-be-forgotten Film Creation,

WADIAS'

RAJNARTAKI

Starring:

SADHONA BOSE

Directed by:
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OPERA HOUSE

Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
Mats. at 1-30 p.m. on Sat., Sun & Holidays.

Entering SECOND WEEK To-morrow!

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RADHIKA

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NALINI JAYWANT

Director VIRENDRA DESAI'S new find, in the leading role, becomes Bombay's most popular entertainment.

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Advance Booking Available.

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Singing, dancing, romancing, merry-making in the smash comedy hit

HOLD MY HAND

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FRED EMNEY; SALLY GRAY

2ND Glorious Week
Treat your Heart to a grand movie

PARDESI

RANJIT'S Stirring Social

Director:
CHATURBHUJ DOSHI

Cast: MOTILAL, KHURSHID, SNEHPRABHA, E. BILLIMORIA

Daily at 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m.

LAMINGTON

Saturday's Racing At Mahaluxmi

Nineteen Accept In Aga Khan's Spring Cup

The following are the Acceptances for the First Day of the Bombay Spring Meeting, to be run at Mahaluxmi, to-morrow:

THE KURLA PLATE
(Div. I)—Distance 1 Mile.

Mujbil Hamid 9-0, Kannan Beg 9-0, Golden Morn 9-0, Ajib al Muluk 8-10, Alwar 8-10, Tarzan 8-10 Latiff Hassun 8-10, Mikhlif Jabir 8-5, Metro 8-10, Qa'id al Furat 8-4 Good Boy 8-4, Farid al Iraq 7-12. Hautboy 9-2, Loveable 9-0, Chaljeet (late Deccan Queen) 8-11, Red Gold 8-11, Arrow Sting 8-9, Aftalon 8-9, Gilderoy 8-7, The Streamer 8-7, Vezou 8-7, Lords 8-6 Dr. Mary 8-6, Silk Apron 8-2, Kirit 8-0, Aer Lingus 8-0, Sugar Baby 8-0, Tavern 7-12, King of the Ring 7-7.

THE KURLA PLATE.
(Div. II).—Distance 1 Mile.

Wafi Hamid 9-4, Rafat Beg 9-4, Dawood Pasha 9-0, Khalai Nassaf 9-0, Aneed 9-0, Banash Saghan 7-12, Amir al Liwa'a 8-10, Aku Amin 8-10, Pride of Mosul 8-10, Muwaffaq al Ilah 8-5, Sydney 8-4, Sa'ad Rahman 8-4.

THE SYDNEY PLATE.
(Div. II.)—Distance 7 Furlongs.

Kotor 9-4, Sir Amos 9-2, Panna Prince 8-11, Congratulations 8-9, Romney's Girl 8-9, Barnegat 8-9, Vijai Kumari 8-5, Lens 8-5, Gold Gainer 8-4, War Dust 8-2, American Beauty 8-2, Chowrangi 8-0, Radio Man 7-12, Winlad 7-9, Palais Glide 7-9, Fun of the Fayre 7-7, Ecstasy 7-7.

THE QUARRYMAN PLATE.
Distance 6 Furlongs.

Red Flower 9-0, Silver Armour 8-11, Miss O. K. 8-11, Princep 8-9, Orange Flower 8-9, Shermount 8-7 Sunrich 8-7, Rockball 8-0.

THE SYDNEY PLATE.
(Div. I.)—Distance 7 Furlongs.

THE SYRIAN PLATE.
(Div. I.)—Distance 6 Furlongs.

Ala Mahlak 9-9, Vasant Kumari 9-0, Sultana Salim 7-9, Kanz al Ilah 8-9, Prince Hilal 8-4 Legion II 8-4, Lion of Lanka 8-0, Star of Lanka 7-4, Bahar Neel 7-9.

THE FERMOY PLATE.
Distance 1 1/4 Miles.

Limejuice 9-4, Firelight 9-2, Blazing Star 8-6, Dabbs 8-9, Levant 8-6, Terrace 8-2, Bolster 8-0, Sitara 8-0, Ratepayer 8-0, Cotys 8-0, Sedgefield 7-11, Cash Book 7-11, Foxlair 7-9, Talk 7-9.

THE AGA KHAN'S SPRING CUP.
Distance 1 1/4 Miles.

Pierrot 9-7, Foxhound 8-2, Fire Alarm 8-2, Usk 8-12, Avon Song 7-7, Sea Battle 8-9, Talma 8-9, Gloaming 8-9, Bistolfi 8-7, San Francisco 8-4, Harischandra 8-7, Terror 8-6, Military 7-9, Leander 8-6, Respirator 8-4, Monocle 7-11, Solmint 7-11, Nexus 7-7, Love Call 7-4.

THE SYRIAN PLATE.
(Div. II.)—Distance 6 Furlongs.

Great Star 9-2, Atilla 9-2, King Hilal 8-11, Nalini II 8-9, Jawahir Pasha 8-4, Golden Dawn 7-9, Walk Over 8-2, Lala 8-2, Marshal 7-13, Spitfire 7-9, Taj Subhan 7-9, Shanghai 7-9.

SUPER Talkies
New Charni Road.

EMPIRE PICTURES'

"MERE-SAJAN"

OR

Midnight Angel

Starring: JAYANT
RAJKUMARI, URMILA

PRAKASH'S
Mighty Devotional

NARSI BHAGAT

Direction: VIJAY BHATT

SILVER JUBILEE
WEEK

Daily: 3, 6-15 & 9-30 p.m.

THIRD GREAT WEEK
A SOCIAL
So differently Smart & Funny! Circo's

'MADHUSUDAN'

Starring: Kumar, Maya

IMPERIAL
Daily: 4-15, 7-15 & 10 p. m.

Pointers For Saturday

Pierrot, Gloaming, Lords, Lens And Sedgefield Impress

The following gallops were noted at Mahaluxmi in connection with the First Day of the Spring Meeting.

PIERROT (Jones) and FOXHOUND (Marrable) were sent at a rousing pace over 9 furlongs on the race grass. Pierrot is in great fettle doing the distance in 2 min.

GLOAMING (Jadhav) strode out in free style beating DESERT SUNRISE (Maxwell) in a mile gallop, in 1 min. 45 1/5 secs.

HELLENIKOS (Raffaele) and FURORE (Evans) covered a mile on the race grass in 1min. 50 secs. Both well.

BOLSTER (Carr) satisfied in a mile spin in 1 min. 50 secs.

MILITARY (Carr) and TERROR (Sibbritt) went smartly over a mile on the tan 1 min. 45 secs Former has improved much.

CHHATRASAL (Britt) galloped a mile on the tan 1 min. 46 secs.

MAROC (Evans) cut a mile on the race grass in easy style.

LIMEJUICE (Jadhav) gave a satisfactory display over seven furlongs on the tan in 1 min. 34 4/5 secs.

SEDGEFIELD (Roberts) moved attractively without being extended over 7 furlongs in 1 min. 35 secs.

NEXUS (Whiteside) and SUN BEAM (R. Boy) went a smart gallop over 7 furlongs. Former much better.

AER LINGUS (Bond) was quite noteworthy in a 5 furlong dash on the tan in 1 min. 4 4/5 secs.

LOVEABLE (Carr) beat easily DON'T SHOOT and LENS (R. Boy) over six furlongs.

FRESH KID (R. Boy) and APPLE JELLY (R. Boy) finished about level in a 6 furlong dash on the tan in 1 min. 20 secs.

VALENTIA JINKS (R. Boy) and FAIRY QUEEN (Davison) had an easy run over 7 furlongs in 1 min. 35 secs.

PRINCEP (Britt) had the better of WAR DUST (R. Boy) and PALAIS GLIDE (R. Boy) in a 6 furlong dash in 1 min 20 secs.

GONE WITH THE WIND (R. Boy) moved attractively beating CONGRATULATIONS (Sibbritt) in a 7 furlong gallop in 1 min. 33 secs.

LORDS (Naji Dawood) beat LAMBETH WALK (Britt) in a close race over 6 furlongs in 1 min. 16 1/5 secs.

RED FLOWER (Jones) and VIJAI KUMARI (R. Boy) covered 6 furlongs in easy style. Former impressed.

FADHLI MINSHAD (Roberts) and HIKMAT PASHA (R. Boy) were engaged in a close 6 furlong dash. Both are quite well.

PRINCE HILAL (Jadhav) and UBAYAN FAISAL (Sibbritt) did a good gallop over 6 furlongs. Both are fit horses.

GOLDEN DAWN (Rosen) shaped attractively when doing 6 furlongs in 1 min. 24 secs.

CAN YOU (Britt) beat RABDAN (Meekings) in a sharp 6 furlong run in 1 min. 23 1/2 secs.

PUSHPAMALA (Jones) and VASANT KUMARI (Marrable) travelled together over 6 furlongs in 1 min. 24 secs.

SULTANA SALIM (Jones) held NALINI II (Marrable) in a 6 furlong dash in 1 min. 25 secs.

ROYAL RIVAL (Jadhav) pleased in a nine furlong spurt.

BANASH SAGBAN (Meekings) beat MIKHLIF JABIR (Davison) in a 7 furlong spin in 1 min. 40 secs.

KING HILAL (Brace) shaped better than LALA (Thompson) in a dash over 6 furlongs in 1 min 26 secs.

4TH WEEK!

in his new comedy

The Great DICTATOR

NEW EMPIRE 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

Free list & concessions entirely suspended.

HUNGER-STRIKE AVERTED

C. P. Govt. Comes To Rescue Of Wardha Basic Training School Students

WARDHA, March 5.

Timely action on the part of the Provincial Government prevented forty students of the Basic Training School, Wardha, from resorting to hunger-strike that was to have commenced today.

These students are primary school teachers of the Wardha District Council, receiving a monthly stipend of Rs. 15 each. They had demanded an extra amount of Rs. 5 from the Council for enabling them to meet their expenses during their stay, and when their demand was not conceded, they threatened hunger-strike. The Government intervened and sanctioned Rs. 3 extra monthly from the beginning of the term.—United Press.

ENUMERATION OF HINDUS OMITTED!

Plea For Fresh Census In Lahore

LAHORE, March 5.

Raja Narendranath, President of the Punjab Provincial Hindu Sabha, has issued a statement saying that he has received numerous complaints from different places in the Punjab bringing it to his notice that the enumeration of Hindus in several tracts has been omitted and that in most places false entries have been made with regard to the language spoken.

Raja Narendranath has sent the following telegram to the Census Commissioner and the Home Member to the Government of India: "Complaints being received from all over Punjab regarding deliberate omission of enumeration of Hindus and false returns with regard language and script. Complaints founded on good evidence. Census made absolutely unreliable. Please fix another date for fresh census".—A. P.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

On The Air

FRIDAY, MARCH 7.

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

8 a.m. Nisar Husain. 8-5 News in Marathi. 8-15 News in Gujarati 8-25 Air Qawwali party. 8-40 News in Hindustani. 8-50 News in English. 9 Vilayat Husain. 9-10 The Bombay Radio Orchestra. 9 20 Jayram Shiledar. 9-32 Tunes alike. 9 40 Basheer Qawwal. 9-50 Song in Sur-Malhar. 12-30 p.m. Ghazal aur naat. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Film hits. 1-10 Geets from grooves. 1-29 Mutual understandings. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Lunch hour music. 4-15 School broadcasts. 5 To-morrow. 5-5 Radha Karnad. 5-15 Lalita Paruikar. 5-25 News in Marathi. 5-30 News in Gujarati. 5 35 Basheer Qawwal. 5-47 Air Radio. 5-55 Lalita Paruikar. 6 News in English 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Anjani Bai Wadker. 6-30 Children happy half-hour. 7 New Marathi books. 7-15 Basheer Qawwal 7-25 Talk of the town. 7-30 Jayram Shiledar. 7-45 Film tunes. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 Topic of the day. 8-30 World affairs. 8-45 Sound-news. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 10 Sajjan Chor. 10-15 Air Qawwali party. 10-25 Anjani Bai Wadkar. 10-35 Screen hits.

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

8 to 8-5 a.m. As in Bombay 1. 8-5 Preet ke geet. 8-15 Todi on Jaltarang. 8-25 to 8-40 As in Bombay 1. 8-40 Vilayat Husain. 9 to 10 As in Bombay 1

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

12-30 to 12-57 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 12-57 Vichitra Been. 1 to 1-30 As in Bombay 1. 1-30 Musical interlude. 1-35 to 2-25 As in Bombay 1.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

4-15 to 5-5 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 5-5 Vilayat Husain. 5-35 to 6 As in Bombay 1. 6 Naat. 6-10 to 7-15 As in Bombay 1. 7-15 Interval.

89.15 metres (3,365 kc/s)

7-30 p.m. Commercial news. 7-45 to 7-55 As in Bombay 1. 7-55 Vilayat Husain. 8-25 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 The Bombay Radio Orchestra. 9-10 Air Qawwali party. 9-20 Jayram Shiledar. 9-30 The seven ages of man. 9-55 Mantzari Mavricakis. 10-5 Monie Ghadially. 10-15 Czech Philharmonic Orchestra. 10-20 Cesar Coelho. 10-30 Gretel Sommer.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

5 p.m. Gauhar Sultan. 5-15 Kallan Qawwal and party. 5-30 Faiyaz Mohammad. 5-40 Vinayakrao Patwardhan. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Special announcements. 6-15 Idanbai. 6-30 Indian towns in Hindi Novels. 6-45 Rashid Ahmad Panipati. 7 For villagers only. 7-45 Gauhar Sultan. 8 Vinayakrao Patwardhan. 8-20 It has happened. 8-25 Instrumental duet. 8-30 World affairs. 8-45 Kallan Qawwal and party. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 Thumri aur dadra. 10-5 Vinayakrao Patwardhan. 10-25 Idanbai. 10-35 Kallan Qawwal and party. 10-45 News in English.

Calcutta I—Programme

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time.)

5 p.m. For children. 5-45 News in Bengali. 5-50 Kanta Snaw. 6 News in English. 6-6 Girls and boys come out to play. 6-40 Air Players. 8-40 Announcements in Bengali. 8-45 News in Bengali. 9 Mustaq Ali Khan. 9-15 Announcements in English. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 10 Kamal Das Gupta. 10-15 Mustaq Ali Khan.

Hyderabad Programme

(411 m., 730 kc/s)

7-30 For children—Conversation. 7-45 Extracts from Classics. 8 News in Urdu. 8-20 News in English.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Madras Mail	6 00	22 00
Peshawar Express	6-15	22-45
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	8-55	18-10
Calcutta Mail (via Chheoki)	9-30	20-15
Madras Express	10 15	14 30
Poona Mail	10 30	17 30
Punjab Mail	12 30	17 40
Nagpur Express	15-00	21-00
Poona Express	19 30	08 05
Allahabad Express	20 25	07 00
Poona Fast Passenger	21 45	12 10

B. B. & C. I. Railway.

(Arrivals at and Departures from Bombay Central.)

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	6 35	13 05
Delhi Express	6 00	22 15
Gujarat Mail	6 45	22 05
Kathiawar Mail	7 25	21 30
Frontier Mail	8 15	21 15
	(Mon)	(Sat)
The Flying Ranee, Bulsar	*9 15	15 55
The Flying Ranee, Surat	*9 48	16 10
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Monday)	10 58	00 00
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Saturday)	00 00	18 05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 15	22 30
Kathiawar Express	15 05	8 45
Baroda Passenger	20 48	9 00

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday, these trains will run on Tuesday.

New High Level Of New Crop In New York

HEAVY BUYING BY SPOT AND MILLS

Light Selling Against Repossessions

Bombay : March 6.

Yesterday the New York market opened steady and advanced on higher loan talk There was great demand for new crops which touched new high levels on heavy buying by South Eastern Spot and Mill interests as a protection against forward commitments with sales in cotton goods extending to year end deliveries. Thereafter profit taking developed with Houston Spot House actively transferring old crop hedges to forward There was light scale up selling against repossessions. 37,000 bales of cotton were shipped in the past four days, but the general export outlook is bad.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton market opened steady at unchanged rates at 10.39 for May delivery and advanced on higher loan talk to 10.45, 6 points up. At this level there was some light selling against repossessions and market declined few points at the close at 10.42. Spot cotton price was 2 pts up at 10.51 cents per lb.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New Orleans cotton futures market opened steady and improved on general buying against forward commitments. Market closed 4 to 13 pts up.

Spot cotton price was 4 pts up at 10.48 cents per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

Liverpool cotton market opened unchanged at 8.33 for July and declined 1 point at 8.32 on scattered selling. Limited trade calling was the sole feature of the market. The session closed steady, 1 point down at 8.32. Spot cotton price was 1 point up at 8.66d per lb.

Egyptian cotton market was steady and featureless. Both Upper and Giza contracts closed at unchanged to 1 point up.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York May highest 10.45+06 (1-29 p.m.); Lowest 10.39 (10 a.m.)

Liverpool July highest 8.33; lowest 8.32—1

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends :—

New York.—Distants advanced on good trade buying on active piecegoods demand

NEW YORK COTTON

New York : March 5.

March	10.44+02
May	10.42+03
July	10.36+06
October	10.10+11
December	10.09+12
January	10.07+12
Middling Spot	10.51+02

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New Orleans : March 5.

March	10.53+04
May	10.43+04
July	10.41+06
October	10.16+13
December	10.13+13
January	10.10+12
Middling Spot	10.48+04

NEW YORK COTTON

11 a.m. Ranges. Noon Call

March	10.43	10.44
May	10.42	10.43
July	10.34	10.35

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York : March 5.

Day's receipts at all U S Ports	5,000 bales
Day's exports to Great Britain	Nil.
Day's exports to the Continent	Nil.
Day's exports to China and Japan	Nil.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool : March 5.

March	8.30—01
May	8.31—01
July	8.32—01
October	8.26—01
December	8.23—01
January	8.22—01
Middling Spot	8.66+01

11 a.m QUOTATIONS

March	8.31

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

Statement of the affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 28th February 1941.

LIABILITIES	Rs.	Rs.
CAPITAL :—		
Authorised—2,25,000 shares of Rs. 500 each	11,25,00,000	
Issued and subscribed—2,25,000 shares of Rs. 500 each	11,25,00,000	
Called up—75,000 shares of Rs. 500 each, fully paid	3,75,00,000	
1,50,000 shares of 500 each, Rs. 125 paid	1,87,50,000	5,62,50,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders—Rs. 375 per share on 1,50,000 shares	5,62,50,000	
Reserve Fund		5,62,50,000
Fixed Deposit, Savings Bank, Current and other Accounts		95,44,43,000
Loans against Securities per contra		—
Acceptances for Constituents		—
Sundries		59,60,000
	Rupees	107,29,03,000
ASSETS	Rs.	Rs.
INVESTMENTS :—		
Government securities	46,25,74,000	
Other Authorised Investments	1,00,54,000	47,26,28,000
ADVANCES :—		
Loans	8,07,30,000	
Cash Credits and Overdrafts	23,10,40,000	
Bills Discounted and Purchased	4,29,78,000	35,47,48,000
Liability of Constituents for Acceptances per contra		—
Dead Stock		1,81,30,000
Sundries		64,61,000
Bullion		—
CASH :—		
In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India	21,45,07,000	
Balances with other Banks	64,29,000	22,09,36,000
	Rupees	107,29,03,000

Position Of Scheduled Banks

Statement of the position of scheduled banks as at the close of business on 28th February, 1941.

1. Demand Liabilities :				
(a) In India				168,46,03,000
(b) In Burma				8,92,89,000
2. Time Liabilities :				
(a) In India				101,26,50,000
(b) In Burma				3,78,83,000
3. Cash :				
(i) Currency notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes :				
(a) In India				6,28,22,000
(b) In Burma				1,43,000
(ii) Burma Notes :				
(a) In India				24,000
(b) In Burma				51,93,000
(iii) Rupee Coin :				
(a) In India				1,38,23,000
(b) In Burma				1,44,000
(iv) Subsidiary Coin :				
(a) In India				34,88,000
(b) In Burma				50,000
4. Balances with Reserve Bank				44,40,17,000
5. Advances :				
(a) In India				109,13,63,000
(b) In Burma				6,58,19,000
6. Bills Discounted :				
(a) In India				5,71,19,000
(b) In Burma				15,47,000

Comparative statement of the position of scheduled banks.

(In thousand rupees)

	28-2-1941	21-2-1941	1-3-1940	1-9-1939
1. Demand Liabilities in India & Burma	177,38,92 (8,92,89)	178,33,13 (9,12,85)	144,89,56 (7,37,95)	141,39,78 (7,05,29)
2 Time Liabilities in India & Burma	105,05,33 (3,78,83)	104,52,10 (3,80,58)	108,87,43 (3,78,27)	106,46,46 (4,22,12)
3 Total cash in India & Burma	8,56,87 (55.30)	8,52,86 (49.04)	6,52,61 (24,07)	7,29,82 (59.37)
4 Balances with Reserve Bank	44,40,17	45,68,77	14,73,71	25,27,75
5. Advances in India & Burma	114,71,82 (5,58.19)	113,46,19 (5,43,31)	152,55,18 (5,92,35)	105,65,08 (4,12,92)
6 Bills discounted in India & Burma	5,87,66 (16,47)	5,15,74 (16,50)	6,18,92 (28,96)	3,86,74 (29,45)

(Burma figures are shown in brackets).

LONDON EXCHANGES

London : March 5.

T T London on New York 4.02 1/2-4.03 1/2, Madrid 40.50, Montreal 4.43/4.47, Berne 17.30/17.40, Stockholm 16.85/16.95.

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay : March 6.

Yesterday London Gold was unchanged at £8/8/0. Dollar Sterling cross rate was 4.02½ to 4.03 1/2 at London and 4.03 1/2 at New York. London spot and forward quotations were unchanged at 23 3/8d and 23 5/16d respectively. There was practically no business and the market was featureless. New York spot silver was unchanged at 34 3/4 cents. Shanghai T T on London was quoted 3 5/16 London Bombay spot silver parity was Rs 62/5/9 and forward parity was Rs. 62/3/6. The local market was again active with speculative business in Gold. Silver was steady. Market was quietly steady.

Following were the rates :—

GOLD

	Rs.		
Ready	43	4	0
Fagan	43	2	6
Chaitra	43	3	0
Sovereigns	29	3	6

SILVER

Ready	63	0	0
Fagau	62	13	0
Chaitra	62	12	0

LONDON SILVER

London : March 5.

Spot	23 3/8
Forward	23 5/16

LONDON GOLD

London : March 5.

Gold bars fine per Oz. £8/8/0

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London : March 5.

On the Stock Exchange Industrials mostly recovered early small declines due to nervousness arising from Government's drastic industrial curtailment plans. Gilt-edgeds were again bought; Czech 8 per cent advanced further to 37 and also Cable Wireless to 60 1/4; Home Rails and Oils tended to be easier. Wall-Street was steady.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Bombay : March 6.

O S Kaisha's Japanese s s Synko Maru of 5015 reg tons Capt T Abe arrived from Yokohama with passengers, cotton goods, porcelaine and general cargo.

SAILED

N Y Kaisha's Japanese s s Haruna Maru of 6311 reg tons Capt K Torii sailed for Yokohama with passengers, cotton and general cargo.

IMPORTS

Bombay : March 6.

6356 bags betelnuts, 77 bags gum, 31 bags long pepper, 1392 bdls rattans, 1800 bls cassia, 138 bdls mattings, 50 c/s refined camphor, 206 coils galvd iron wire, 30 bls raw silk, 300 bls mats, 99 bdls hexagonal brass rods, 40 c/s rayon and ctn mxd yarn, 39 c/s rayon pcegoods, 206 coils galvd iron wire, 53 c/s bobbins, 45 c/s batteries, 100 dms dyes, 43 c/s weaving machy parts, 33 c/s umbrella goods, 100 c/s blue cut tacks, 155 cts plywoods, 58 c/s glass bangles, 587 c/s panel pins, 173 c/s porcelainware, 76 c/s printed cigarettes, 57 c/s glass bottles, 35 pcs crucible pots, 132 c/s glassware, 60 bags nut megs, 550 bdls pineapples, 9454 bags copra, 1213 dms cocoanut oil, 158 c/s rayon and ctn mxd pcegoods, 1270 c/s cotton pcegoods, 2298 c/s rayon yarn, 156 c/s cotton yarn, 45 c/s insect powder, 46 c/s wln pcegoods, 30 c/s staple fibre goods, 120 c/s W I pipe fittings, 35 c/s straw fans, 1648 c/s fire-crackers, 600 c/s beer 164 c/s cotton goods, 85 c/s amorphous phosphorus, 91 c/s W I galvd pipe fittings, 40 c/s silk yarn, 846 c/s rayon pcegoods, 1574 c/s sugar, 100 c/s Tartar ematic powder, 30 c/s Golden syrup, 44 c/s wln and ctn mxd pcegoods, 482 bls staple fibre yarn, 200 pkgs sugarcandy, 150 bls old newspapers, 950 bags empty glass bottles, 64 bags old brass scrap, 44 pkgs old zinc scrap, 50 bags damar batu.

EXPORTS

Bombay : March 6.

200 bls cotton waste Sapt T Products (India) Ltd; 1000 tons pig iron Indian Iron and Steel Co Ltd; 12 pots palm rasa oil Volkart Bros; 98 bls cotton cold pcegoods E D Sassoon and Co Ltd; 600 bls cotton waste Barot Bros and Co; 212 bags dill seeds M Bhankharia and Co; 100 bls raw cotton Suleman and Co Ltd; 100 bls raw cotton The Universal Cotton Trading Co; 42 bls raw cotton R A Gaffur; 4691 bags linseed Ralli Bros Ltd; 100 bags cumin seeds Premchand Hirachand; 100 bls raw cotton Arjan Khimji and Co; 200 bls raw cotton The Podar Trading Co Ltd; 500 bls raw cotton Narsee Nagjee and Co; 100 bls raw cotton Raghavji Kanji and Co; 300 bls raw cotton N Futehally and Co.

LONDON SEEDS

London : March 5.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe 20/4 1/2 March April quoted

Wheat Barletta Russo 20/1 1/2 March April quoted

Wheat South Australian 26/6 March April quoted.

LONDON RUBBER

London : March 5.

Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb. 13-9/16 buyer.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay : March 6.

The market declined initially owing to some scattered selling but later ruled steady. Tata Deferreds opened unchanged at 1900 and after declining to 1892/8 were better off at 1902/8. Tata Ordinaries opened at 375/8 and after quoting lower at 374 improved to 376/8 at the close. Among Textiles Bombay Dyeings ruled around 1062/8. Indian Irons kept steady at 30/8.

The following were the important quotations on the Exchange, to-day :—

Tata Deferreds (1900) 1900 1892/8 1902/8

Tata Ordinaries (375/8) 375/8 374 376/8

Bombay Dyeings (1062/8) 1060 1065 1062/8

Tata Ordinary 376/8, Tata Deferred 1902/8, Indian Iron 30/8, Bombay Dyeing 1062/8, Century 373/12, Central India 291/14, Kohinoor 417/8, Associated Cement 139/8, Bombay Burma 515, Scindia Steam 22/2, Tata Hydro 180/10, Reserve Bank 106, Imperial Bank F P 1550, Central Bank 43, Bank of India 144, 3½ per cent Paper 94/12.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay : March 6.

Following a rise of 3 points in May delivery in New York the local market expected to open at Rs. 190 for Broach A/M. But it opened weak at Rs. 188/8 for Broach April-May and Rs. 190/8 for July/August. Market declined early and touched Rs 188 on scattered selling. At this level shorts covered up and prices advanced to Rs. 189/4. Then the market was steady.

Liverpool market opened 1 point up. Local market was fluctuating within a narrow range. Later on there was some selling on reports for Far East troubles, market declined to Rs. 188/4. Rates at 5 p.m. were as under :—

Broach April/May	Rs.	188 12 0
Broach July/August		190 8 0
Oomra March		147 8 0
Oomra May		149 4 0
Oomra July		151 12 0
Bengal March		119 4 0
Bengal May		120 4 0
Bengal July		122 0 0

COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay : March 6.

	Extra Spr-fine.	Sup.	Fine.	F.G.	Good
M G Bengal U P	123	121	119	117	
M G Punjab	123	121	119	117	
M G Rajputana	130	128	126	124	
M G Oomra No. 3	154	151	148	145	...
M G C. P. No. 1	178	175	172	169	...
M G C. P. No. 2	163	160	157	154	...
M G Broach No. 2	200	197	193	190	

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay : March 6.

Bengal Fine	118/21
Berar	142/49
C P. 1	170/74
C. P. 2	152/57
Khandesh	122/26
Muglai	132/35
Broach	March +6
Punjab S G 289F	318/38
Punjab R G 289F	288/98
Punjab R G 4F	233/38

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay : March 6.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY OF INDIAN COTTON

In full-pressed bales.	Yes-terday.	Since 1st This year.	Septr. Last year
Khandesh	441	87,897	48,582
Central India	1,363	204,532	76,182
Barsi and Nagar	1,462	83,466	104,317
Hyderabad/Gaorani	187	28,549	40,790
Berar	3,308	281,807	262,389
Central Provinces	525	56,619	65,537
Total Oomras	7,286	643,170	598,077
Dholeras	1,320	48,711	47,596
N.-W. Provinces		1,152	22,940
Rajputana	112	4,748	23,123
Sind-Punjab	1,734	367,708	292,481
Broach	1,041	25,766	196,633
Coompta and Dharwar	558	32,279	15,426
Westerns-Northerns	440	33,374	16,840
Cocoanada		239	50
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		522	1,309
Total	12,491	1,157,669	1,216,474
Arrived by road to 27th February 1941		172,250	199,358

TEJI MANDI PREMIUMS.

Bombay : March 6.

Wheat May	0 3 6
Wheat September	0 8 0
Linseed May	0 5 6
Linseed September	0 12 0
Groundnut May	1 14 0
Castorseed May	2 8 0
Cottonseed May	1 1 0
Silver 1st Settlement	0 6 0
Silver 2nd Settlement	0 12 0
Gold 1st Settlement	0 6 0
Gold 2nd Settlement	0 14 0

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F. P. Bales.	1940/41	1939/40
Receipts to date 5-3-41	2958000	6658000
Receipts yesterday 5-3-41	6000	12000
Export to date 5-3-41	757000	5030000
Stock at Ports 28-2-41	3485000	2989000
Stock at interior towns do.	3158000	2790000
Stock at Liverpool 28-2-41		
Visible Supply 28-2-41		
Quantity in sight 28-2-41	8951000	11589000
Quantity out of sight 28-2-41		

COTTON PARITY

Broach A/M below Liverpool May 394 penny points at 1/6

Broach J/A below Liverpool July 391 penny points at 1/6

Broach A/M below New York May 309 cent points at 331

Broach J/A below New York July 295 cent points at 331

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool : March 6.

	UPPERS.	GIZA NO. 2
Spot	11.12—0	12.08+2
March	10.42—0	11.08+1
May	10.43—0	11.07+1
July	10.44—0	11.03+1
November	10.39—0	11.06+1
January	10.39—0	11.06+1

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay : March 5.

	Highest	Lowest	Closing at 5 p.m.
Broach A/M	192 1/2	189	189 1/4
Broach J/A	194 1/4	191 1/4	191 1/4
Oomra March	149 1/2	147	147 1/2
Oomra May	151 1/2	148 3/4	149 1/4
Oomra July	154	151 1/4	151 3/4
Bengal March	120	119	119
Bengal May	121 3/4	120 1/2	120 1/2
Bengal July	123 1/2	122	122

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS.

HEDGE CONTRACT RATES

Bombay : March 6.

Yarn No.	April	June	August
6 1/2s.	126	127	128
10 1/2s.	148	148	150
20 1/2s.	197	199	201½
40s.	280	284	285

RANA'S 6 MARCH

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay : March 6.

Yellow metal sheet	Rs. 69/0
Copper sheets	Rs. 78/8

Tone :—Steady.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, March 6.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 Loan 96-13
3 1/2 per cent G P Note 94-13
3 per cent 1941 Bonds 100-14
3 per cent 1951/54 Bonds 99
3 per cent 1963/65 Loan 94-6
3 1/2 per cent 1948/50 Loan 102
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan 108
4 per cent 1943 Bonds 104-8
2 per cent War Bonds 101-12
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan 113

TAX FREE LOANS

5 per cent 1945/55 Loan 112-0
4 per cent 1953/65 Mysore 115-6
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 125

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B P T 1947 107-12
4 per cent M Deb 1974 107-4
5 per cent M Deb 1955 116
6 per cent M Deb 1954 128
6 per cent K P T 1956 128

MONEY MARKET

Bombay : March 6.

LONDON :—

B C RATES :—

T T D D 1/5 15/16 to 3rd Sept.

Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 to 3rd Sept.

Bank's buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 3rd Sept.

Bank's buying D D 1/6 3/32 One month

Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 7/32 One month

Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 1/4 two months

NEW YORK :

Bank's selling T T 332 3/4

Bank's buying T T 329 3/4

Bank's buying D D 326

JAPAN :

Bank's selling T T 81 1/4 nominal.

Bank's buying T T 77 nominal

Bank's buying 60 days 76 1/4 nominal

JAVA :

Bank's selling D D 55 3/4

HONGKONG :

Bank's selling D D 85 1/4

SHANGHAI

Bank's selling D D 21

SINGAPORE

Bank's selling D D 157 3/4

CROSS RATES

Hongkong/London 1/3 1/32 6th inst.

Shanghai/London 0/3 9/16 6th inst.

New York/London 4.03 1/2 5th inst.

London/Java 7.58/62 5th inst.

London/New York 4.02 1/2-3 1/2 5th inst.

London/Switzerland 17.30/40 5th inst.

London/Stockholm 16.85/95 5th inst.

London/Japan 1/2 1/2 5th inst.

London/Canada 4.43/47 5th inst.

Tone of Sterling Exchange :—Quiet near. Steady forward.

Gold £8/8/0 5th inst

Silver London Ready 23 3/8 5th inst.

Silver London Forward 23 5/16 5th inst.

Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 4th inst.

London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 5th inst.

London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 5th inst.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money :—Call unendable.

4 months 1/2 per cent

6 months 3/4 per cent

Tone. Very easy

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, March 6

Castorseeds May—			
Opening	Rs.	31	3 0
Highest		31	6 0
Lowest		31	1 0
Closing		31	4 0
Cottonseeds May—			
Opening		19	5 0
Highest		19	8 9
Lowest		19	5 0
Closing		19	5 6
Groundnuts May—			
Opening		27	4 0
Highest		27	8 0
Lowest		27	3 9
Closing		27	4 3

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay : March 6.

Fine White Java Sugar per cwt—

From Bond Rs. 10/2

Shipment March Rs. 9/8 F.B.H.

Indian Sugars Ready—

Ready ordinary Rs. 14/2 to 14/6

Ready large grain Rs. 14/7 to 15/9.

Tone :—Steady.

PEPPER & GINGER.

Bombay, March 6

The Pepper and Ginger Merchants' Association, Ltd. :—

Pepper ready Alleppey per candy	Rs.	78	0 0
Pepper Chaitra Sud 15 per candy		78	4 0
Pepper Jeth Sud 15 per candy		80	12 0
Ginger bleached per cwt		16	0 0
Ginger Chaitra Sud 15 per cwt		13	8 0
Ginger Vaishakh Sud 15 per cwt		13	12 0

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London : March 5.

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£70 1/2
Indian Stocks—	£
3 per cent 1948	87 1/2
3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	98 5/8
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	77 1/8
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	103
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent	103 3/4
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	113 3/4
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	111
Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China	8 1/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Register)	74
National Bank of India	32 1/2

Share Market Rules Steady

DYEING ACTIVE WITH SUPPORT

Steels And Textiles Improve

Bombay : March 6.

The local Share Bazar opened about yesterday's closing prices and after remaining steady for some time improved on buying by professionals, those who have sold yesterday were the chief buyers to-day. This clearly indicates that the Bazar sentiment is not bearish but professionals want to misguide the public every now and then coming forward to hammer the market on unfounded political rumours. There was active buying in Steel shares, while in Textiles a big rise in Dyeing shares owing to short covering by professionals.

The improvement in the local market was not much, but the tone of the market was impressive.

Wall Street market opened steady and with many withdrawn after early failure of the rally, fractional losses were widespread in the Stock market, where trading slowed to a mere crawl, awaiting the Balkan denouncement and action on the Lease and Land Bill. The session closed steady. U. S Steel closed 1/4 down at 56 3/4 and Anaconda Copper closed 1/4 down at 23 7/8 dollars.

The local market closed steady with improved demand

Tata Steel Defds opened at Rs. 1965 and declined to Rs. 1960 on scattered selling improved on professional buying to Rs. 1981 and at the close declined to Rs. 1976. Tata Steel Ordinaries opened at Rs. 383 and after declining to Rs 382 closed at the highest rate of the day at Rs. 385. Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 1085 and with a slight setback of Rs. 2 advanced to Rs. 1102 on shorts covering, and closed steady at Rs. 1101/4. New Greats opened at Rs. 435 and declined to Rs. 434 and then advanced and closed at Rs. 438.

Associated Cements opened at Rs. 145 and after declining to Rs. 144/8 advanced to Rs. 146/4. Bombay Burma opened at Rs. 533 and remained steady at the same level and closed at Rs. 532.

Active Shares At A Glance

Bombay : March 6.

Bombay Dyeing (1081/4) 1085 1082 1086 1083 1091 1102 1101

Century (379/8) 379 378 382 381 386 385

Central India (303) 302/8 305/8

Kohinoor (421) 422 425 426 425/8

New Great (435) 435 434 437 438

Simplex (105) 104 105/8 106

Swadeshi (280) 279 282/8 282

Associated Cement (145/8) 145 144/8 146/4 146

Andhra (1835) 1835

Tramway Ordinary (135) 135

Tata Hydro (185) 185

Tata Power (1600) 1605 1607 1600

Tata Steel Defd (1968/12) 1965 1960 1973 1971 1977 1970 1981 1978 1976

Tata Steel Ordinary (384) 383 382 385 384 385

Tata Steel 2nd Pref (148/8) 148/8 148/4

Bellapur (212) 212/8

Bombay Steam (315) 323

Bombay Burma (533/12) 533 532.

TEXTILE SHARES

Bombay, March 6.

100 Ahm. Advance		272	8
250 BOMBAY DYEING		1101	0
100 CENTURY		385	0
100 CENTRAL INDIA		305	8
100 COLABA		173	0
100 Coorla		105	0
250 David		30	0
250 Dawn		312	8
1 E D. Sassoon Def.		0 10	0
100 FINLAY		182	8
100 GOKAK		211	8
1000 Hindustan		1925	0
100 Indore		61	0
100 Khatau		152	0
100 KOHINOOR		425	8
250 LAXMI		538	12
100 MORARJI		232	0
200 Model		77	8
50 MYSORE	X.D.	110	0
200 NEW GREAT		438	0
100 Osmanshahi		58	0
100 Phoenix		466	0
25 Sassoon Silk		87	0
1000 Sholapur		2790	0
50 SIMPLEX		106	0
100 SWADESHI		282	0
100 SWAN		183	0
500 Vishnu		1312	8
1000 Western		1102	8
BANKS			
50-100 BARODA		111	0
25-50 CENTRAL	X.D.	42	15
500 IMPERIAL		1550	0
125-500 Imp. Contrys.		385	10
50-100 India X.D.		144	8
100 RESERVE BANK		104	12
5 UNION		6	12
CEMENTS			
100 ASSOCIATED		145	4
INSURANCE			
100 Empire		652	8
15-100 JUPITER		13	10
20 Mercantile		65	8
15-75 NEW INDIA		41	4
200 Oriental		3950	0
15-50 Vulcan		8	4 6
ELECTRIC			
100 AHMD OLD X.D.		178	2
1000 ANDHRA VALLEY		1835	0
10 AJMER		12	3
50 BOMBAY TRAM		135	0
100 Bombay Suburban		185	0
10 Broach		14	0
100 Karachi		243	12
100 Poona		215	0
100 Surat		181	4
1000 TATA HYDRO		185	0
1000 TATA POWER		1600	0
RAILWAYS			
500 Ahmedabad Prantij	X.D.	880	0

"DANDI DAY" ECHO

A Large Number Of Congressmen To Offer Satyagraha In March 12

AHMEDABAD, March 6.

March 12, the day on which Mahatma Gandhi started his Dandi march, is to be observed as the "Dandi Day" in Gujarat. A large number of Congressmen will offer Satyagraha on that day in the province.

Ninety-four Satyagrahis were arrested in Gujarat in February of whom 73 have been sentenced and 21 are awaiting trial. So far 391 Satyagrahis have been jailed in Gujarat.—A. P.

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PILES

EXTERNAL treatment only does not usually cure PILES. INTERNAL REMEDIES are essential. Dr. Ballin's treatment combines both.

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SAVE INFANT INDIAN INDUSTRY

Protest Against Increase In Duty On Artificial Silk Yarn

Protesting against the increase in the duty on artificial silk yarn by telegrams to the Government of India, Finance Department, Silk and Art Silk Mills' Association Ltd. state that the duty would be a fatal blow to the rising industry of rayon and that the small gain in revenue which could have been secured either by loans or an increased duty on art silk piecegoods or some other commodity would prove a sheer injustice to and will disappoint the industrialists of India who are generally shy in the investments of this nature.

As a result of the increased duty on artificial silk yarn its conditions will get worse. Then to protect Indian capital and labour engaged in this trade Government shall have to take steps even to the extent of prohibiting all imports of artificial silk piecegoods.

Concluding the telegram, the Association suggests the raising of a parallel import duty on imported artificial silk cloth mixed and entire and thus save the infant Indian industry.

UNIVERSITY COURSE IN FILM PRODUCTION

Proposal Before Madras University Senate

MADRAS, March 6

A resolution tabled for the annual meeting of the Madras University Senate on March 26 recommends the introduction of a diploma course in colleges to impart instructional training in film production.

Another resolution to be moved at the meeting wants the University to take steps to launch an adult literacy campaign during vacations with the help of selected colleges and students.—A. P.

The twenty-ninth session of the Indian Science Congress will be held at Dacca from January 2 to January 8 next year.

NEW YORK COTTON ONE POINT UP

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICE

JULY 1941

New York, March 6

Previous closing	10.36
To-day's opening	10.35
Difference	—01
To-day's closing	10.37
Difference	+01

BROACH EXPECTATION

Broach April/May	Rs. 189-0
Broach July/August	Rs. 190-12

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MARCH 1941

Liverpool, March 6

Previous closing	8.30
To-day's opening	8.31
Difference	+01
To-day's closing	8.30
Difference	nil.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, March 6

The New York cotton showed a subdued tone to-day in view of lack of clarification of developments abroad, consequently the trading was irregularly narrow.

Trading in July began at 10.35 i.e. one point lower than the last closing. Prices declined on scattered March liquidation but the trend thereafter improved on subsidence of pressure and stray purchases.

The following are to-day's opening ranges in New York cotton:—

March (10.43/43) 10.45/45
May (10.39/39) 10.43/45
July (10.32/31) 10.35/35

The following are opening rates on Liverpool cotton market:—

American March (8.31) 8.31
American May (8.32) 8.32
Egyptian Giza March (11.08) 11.07
Egyptian Giza May (11.07) 11.06

LONDON COMMODITIES

London, March 6

Castorseeds January February unquoted
Linseed Bombay Calcutta February March (£18 9/16 quoted) £18 9/16 quoted
Linseed La Plata March (£11 5/16 quoted) £11 5/16 quoted
Groundnuts Coromandel February March (£17 1/4 quoted) £17 1/4 quoted

JUTES

Dundee March (£45) £45
Lightning March (£40) £40

RUBBER

Spot (13 5/8d paid and value) 13 5/8d paid and buyers

Forward July September (13 3/4d paid and value) 13 11/16d paid and value

LONDON METALS

Tin (£266 1/2 buyers £266 3/4 sellers. Firm) £266 buyers, £266 1/2 sellers. Quiet.
Electrolytic Copper (£62) £62
Lead (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 3 (131 sh.) 131 sh.

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, March 6

Previous closing	4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.03 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, March 6

Previous closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS

London, March 6

T. T. London on Paris not quoted

LONDON SILVER CABLE

London, March 6

The following cable was received from London:—

Market quietly steady.

LONDON SILVER

London, March 6

Spot (23 3/8d) 23 3/8d nil
Forward (23 5/16d) 23 5/16d nil

LONDON GOLD

London, March 6

London Gold (£8-8-0) £8-8-0

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, March 6

London Exchange opened with the sterling dollar at 4.02.50 to 4.03.50 which is officially fixed rate.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1/6) 1/6
Paris on Bombay not quoted
New York on Milan not quoted
New York on Bombay (30.35) 30.35
London on Shanghai (0-3 1/4 to 0-3 19/32) 0-3 1/4 to 0-3 19/32.
London on Kobe (1-2 to 1-2 1/2) 1-2 to 1-2 1/2

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent.
4 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/4 per cent
6 months (1 1/8 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/8 to 1 1/4 per cent

BULLION AND SEEDS

Bombay, March 6

There was no trading during the night session.

"MENACE TO PEACE"

Sircar On Huq's Outbursts Re: Census Operations

CALCUTTA, March 6.

"Nothing will give me more pleasure than to see the termination of the undesirable and unpleasant controversy a matter which is not beyond the resourcefulness and ingenuity of the Chief Minister of Bengal. In the meantime, we all earnestly request him to take leave and enjoy rest in a salubrious climate until there is a complete restoration of his mental equilibrium and the Census battle is over.

MENACE TO PEACE.

"If this course is not acceptable to the Chief Minister, then, holding as he does his office during the Governor's pleasure, he should be relieved of the duties of his office, thus removing a continuing menace to the peace and tranquility of the Province of Bengal," observed Sir Nripendranath Sircar, formerly Law Member with the Government of India, presiding over a largely-attended public meeting held in the Town Hall this evening.

The meeting was convened to express indignation and dissatisfaction over the recent utterance of the Hon. Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq, Chief Minister of Bengal, regarding the Census operations.

NO RETALIATION.

Sir Nripendranath Sircar advised that no responsible Hindu should think of retaliation by following the path of the Chief Minister and making attacks on the entire Muslim community.—United Press.

HUQ'S LETTER TO SIRCAR

CALCUTTA, March 6

Sr Manmatha Nath Mukherji and Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose also condemned the recent utterances and statements of Mr. Fazlul Huq and demanded that Mr. Huq must cease immediately making "false and wild accusations as he has been making against the entire Hindu community, or he must remove himself from the proud position he occupies today."

HUQ'S LETTER

As he was about to declare the meeting closed, Sir Nripendra Nath received a letter from Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq, which he read out before the meeting.

In his letter, Mr. Fazlul Huq wanted Sir Nripendra Nath to believe that the former had been greatly misunderstood by his friends who were holding the protest meeting today. Whatever might happen at the meeting he would request Sir Nripendra Nath, a very old friend, to help him in meeting leaders of all communities in order to devise a scheme for improving the political situation, which at present prevailed in the country.

Mr. Huq was ready to discuss matters with his friends across the table and to find out ways and means in spite of all that had happened for the determination of a policy which would be for the good of the province.—A. P.

High Court

EARLIER DECISION REVERSED

Full Bench Ruling

(Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice, Mr. Justice Macklin and Mr. Justice Sen.)

K. G. Patil ..... Appellant (Original Judgment-Debtor.)

vs.

M. K. Gujar ..... Respondent (Original Assignee of the Decree.)

This was a second appeal from the decision of the District Judge of Belgaum. As it raised an important point of law on which the former decision of this High Court in Raghunath vs. Gangaram (47 Bom. 643) required to be reconsidered, it was heard by a Full Bench.

The Respondent was the assignee of three years' arrears of maintenance under a decree obtained by one Chandrabai against her step-son, awarding Rs. 90 per year when the assignee made his application for execution under Order 21 Rue 16 of the Code of Civil Procedure, the judgment-debtor pleaded that the arrears amounting to Rs. 250 had been already paid off to Chandrabai and that she had remitted the balance. The assignee contended that the payment not having been certified and entered on the decree as required by Order 21 Rule 2 of the same Code, could not be recognized by the Court. The trial judge found at a fact that the payment was made and so dismissed the application for execution. The District Judge in appeal held that the payment was not proved and ordered execution to proceed. The judgment-debtor appealed to the High Court. It came up before Mr. Justice Sen who referred it to a Division Bench consisting of the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Macklin who in their turn referred it to the present Full Bench as they were of the opinion that Raghunath's case formerly decided by this Court required reconsideration.

Mr. Datar for the Appellant contended that the provisions in Order 21 Rule 2 relating to certifying and endorsing upon the decree any payment or adjustment made out of Court were confined in their application to the "Court executing the decree" which could not recognize it. He further argued that in the present case the application was to the "Court which passed the decree and not to the Court executing the decree and that therefore Order 21 Rule 2 had no application and the latter Court could recognize an uncertified payment or adjustment. He therefore submitted that the prevailing law in Bombay laid down by Sir Norman Macleod and Mr. Justice Crump in Raghunath's case was correct.

JUDGMENT.

Delivering the judgment of the bench, the learned Chief Justice held that even under Order 21 Rule 16 the Court which passed the decree was acting as a Court in Execution and further that Order 21 Rule 2 was incorporated in Order 21 Rule 16 which latter rule itself stated, "and the decree may executed in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as if the application were made by such decree-holder." Their Lordships therefore overruled the earlier decision of the Bombay High Court in Raghunath's case and expressed agreement with the decisions of the High Courts of Madras and Allahabad and held that a judgment-debtor could not plead an uncertified payment or adjustment even in proceedings under Order 21 Rule 16 before the Court which passed the decree. Their Lordships dismissed the judgment-debtor's appeal with costs.

Mr. K. G. Datar appeared for the Appellant, Mr. K. N. Dharap appeared for the Respondent.

Chief Justice Criticises Magistrates

"How Magistrates manage to deal with these cases which drag on month after month, when they have no record of the evidence I do not know".

With these remarks the Chief Justice, sitting with Mr. Justice Macklin, set aside the sentence of a fine of Rs. 30 imposed by Mr. K. J. Khambatta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum, on B. H. Gyarra, in a criminal breach of trust case in respect of a radio set.

Mr. Khambatta tried the case summarily.

Though the case was filed as long ago as March 19, 1940, it was not disposed of until the end of October.

3 1/2 P.C. STERLING LOAN

London, March 6

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £98 5/8

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, March 6

London Stock Exchange was steady today.

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

London, March 6

5 per cent 1958/68 (£103 3/4) £103 3/4

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£77 1/8) £77 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£103) £103
2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£99) £99
4 per cent Funding Loan (£113 3/4) £113 3/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loans (£103 3/4) £103 7/8
New War Loan (£101 1/4) £101 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds (£111) £111 1/8

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (11-0) 11-0
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (33-9) 33-9
Hydro Electric No dealings
Electric Music Industry (7-4 1/2) 7-4 1/2
Princhin Johnson (18-6) 18-6
Imperial Chemicals (29-9) 29 7 1/2
Woolsworth New Ordinary (50-10 1/2) 49-7 1/2
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1939 (£46 1/2) £46 1/2
Dundee Rubber (31-10 1/2) 31-10 1/2
Unilever Ordinary (22-6) 22-6
Ford Motors (17 6) 17 6
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£60 1/4) £61
British African Tobacco Ordinary (87-6) 87-6
Carreas 'A' (£3 3/4) £3 3/4
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (92-6) 92-6
P and O Def (21-1 1/2) 21-1 1/2
Distillers (62-9) 62-9
Bredfords Dye (3-1 1/2) 3-1 1/2
British Celanese (3-3) 3-3
J and P Coates Ordinary (29-1 1/2) 28 9
Courtaulds Ordinary (27-9) 27-9
Fine Cotton Spinners (2-9) 2-9
Vickers Limited Ordinary (14-10 1/2) 14-10 1/2
Inter Nickel Ordinary (dol 37) dol 37 1/4
Indian Iron (45-0) 44-4 1/2

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (17-9) 17-9
Dongro Tea (30-0) 30-0
Empire of India (21-10 1/2) 21-10 1/2

JUTE

Barnagore (£8) £8

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (15-0) 15-0
Gula Kelampong (15-9) 15 9
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (25-3) 25-3

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (20-0) 20-0
Burma Corporation (7-1 1/2) 7-0
Rio Tintos (£7 1/2) £7 1/2
East Rand Properties (41-3) 41-3
Rand Mines (£6 3/8) £6 3/8

MINE SHARES

Crown (£11 7/8) £11 7/8
Associated Portland Cement (61-3) 61-3
Trinidad Leasehold (62-6) 63-1 1/2
Sub Nigel (£7 1/4) £7 1/4
Spring Mines Split Shares (20-7 1/2) 20-7 1/2
Union Corporation (£7) £7

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (26-3) 26-3
Anglo India (33-9) 34-4 1/2
Burma Oil (51-10 1/2) 51-3
Mexican Eagle (7-6) 7-7 1/2
Shell Transport (43-1 1/2) 43-9
Royal Dutch (£17 1/2) £18

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£31 3/4) £31 3/4
London Midland Ordinary (£11 7/8) £11 7/8
London North Eastern Def (£1 1/2) £1 1/2
London Southern Def (£9 7/8) £9 7/8
London Transport 5 per cent (£119) £119
London Transport 'C' (£33) £33

Calcutta Exchange Dull And Inactive

Calcutta, March 6

The stock exchange ruled dull and inactive and business was restricted. Coals, Jutes, Teas and Cottons were quiet while speculative Engineering issues and miscellaneous industrials showed no material alterations and generally ruled lower. Government securities were unchanged.

The following were closing rates:—

Government securities: 3 per cent loan 1963/65 94/9; 3 per cent Defence loan 1946 100/12; 3 per cent Government Paper 10/7; 3 1/2 per cent Government paper 94/12; 3 1/2 per cent loan 1947/50 102/1; 4 per cent loan 1960/70 108; 5 per cent loan 1945/55 112/2 small lots; 3 per cent Assam loan 1952 95/6; 3 per cent U P loan 1961/66 92/9 small odd lot.

Banks: Imperial fully paid 1553; D conty 586 small odd lot; Reserve 103/8.

Cottons: Dunbar ord 197 small lot c div; New Victoria pref 5/4.

Coals: Bhalgora 4/12; Khas Kajora 7 small odd lot; Lakurka 9/6; Mundulpoor 10/4; South Karanpura 4/9.

Jutes: Champdany 189; Empire pref 158; Howrah 49/4; Lansdowne pref 135/8; National 20/10; Reliance 52/12.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corporation 2/14 ex div; Consolidated Tin 2/7; Indian Copper 2/1; Karanpura Development 8/2; Tavoy Tin 1/1; Daimia Cement ord 11/12; do def 2/8 small odd lot; do pref 112; Dacca Elec pref 16/10 ex div; Rawalpindi Elec 25/8; Britannia Building and Iron 8/6; Britannia Eng 10/13 small lots; Indian Iron 30/5; Indian Steel and Wire Products ord 53/8 small lot; Steel Corporation ord 18/8; do pref 115/8; B I Corporation ord 4/8 c div; Mysore Paper 14/8; Star Paper 9/15; Titaghur Paper ord 15; Rubbers Indragiri .90 cts ct; Sungei Tukang .90 cts ct; Assam Saws 3/10 c div; Buland sugar 15/6; Carew and Co pref 117.

Teas: Gungaram 351; Hantapra 340; North Western Cachar 236/8.

It has been resolved by the Stock Exchange Committee in the meeting held today that in addition to the 11th March, 1941, as being non-delivery day, Monday, the 10th March, 1941 is also declared to be a working day without delivery.—A.P.

Case Against School Committee Employees Fails

Abdul Razak Adam Khan and Habibunnisa Abdul Wahib, were prosecuted at the instance of the Municipal Schools Committee, on charges of forging a document and cheating in respect of Rs. 130 on the 15th February, 1940, before Mr. K. J. Khambatta Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Court.

The first accused is a clerk in the Provident Fund Department and the second accused is the head mistress in charge of Urdu girls school under the Bombay Municipality. Both the accused were acquitted.

MAHATMA GANDH'S STATEMENT

(Continued from Page 1)

lows that the mere vote of the majority will have little play. The Charter of Independence must be the product of the willing consent of the minorities and other relevant interests which are not in conflict with the interests of the vast mass of Indian humanity.

Be this as it may, in order that all the units may have full freedom of expression even against the war itself, the Congress has embarked upon Civil Disobedience. That is the contribution of the Congress to the fulfilment of the common desire. As an effort in direct action it must hold the field till a better is found.

BOMBAY RESOLUTION

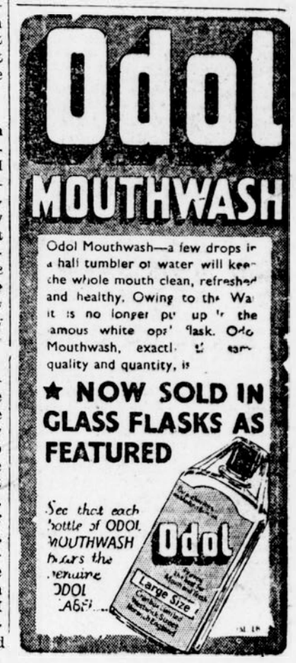
Strong objection has been raised against my interpretation of the Bombay resolution. I regard it as a true interpretation. But it is that of an individual. I have no authority from the Congress to interpret or vary the Congress resolutions. That is essentially the function of the President, the Working Committee and finally the A.I.C.C. The only authority I have is to conduct the campaign of Civil Disobedience.

But when the time for settlement comes it will be for the Working Committee to decide what the terms shall be. My contribution will be confined to advising the Committee. The Working Committee may reject the interpretation I have given. It or the A.I.C.C. may even alter the resolutions they have passed.

Meanwhile, let every one, whether Congressmen or others, be guided by the Bombay resolution and not by my interpretation. I have, therefore, failed to understand the consternation created by my statement that there can be no settlement short of Independence during the pendency of the war."—A.P.

The opening cermony of "the Sayaji Rao Gaekward Library," of the Benares Hindu University was performed on the 4th instant by the Maharaja of Bikaner, Chancellor of the University.

Besides the Vice-Chancellor, Sir Sarvapalli Radhakrishan, Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, Pandit Iqbal Narain Gurtu and Maharaja Kumar Vizianagram were also present.


Odol
MOUTHWASH
Odol Mouthwash—a few drops in a half tumbler of water will keep the whole mouth clean, refreshed and healthy. Owing to the Wa it is no longer pu up in the famous white opa flask. Odo Mouthwash, exactl the same quality and quantity, is
★ NOW SOLD IN GLASS FLASKS AS FEATURED
See that each bottle of ODOL MOUTHWASH bears the genuine ODOL
Odol
Large Size

IF you bury your money or keep it in the form of cash, gold or silver, it is useless to you and your family. Money must be at work if it is to make profits and there is no simpler or safer way of putting your money to work than by means of Defence Savings Certificates.

When you buy Defence Savings Certificates issued in amounts of Rs. 10|-, Rs. 50|-, Rs. 100|-, Rs. 500|- and Rs. 1,000|- you lend to Government, who will pay you interest on each Rs. 10|- invested at the rate of five annas yearly, with a bonus of four annas at the end of the fifth year and eight annas after the tenth year, making your original Rs. 10 then worth Rs. 13|9. You can cash your certificates at any time with accrued interest and instead of having the worry of looking after your unprofitable money or useless gold, you will be happy in the knowledge that your money is growing day by day and year by year.

YOU CAN PURCHASE DEFENCE SAVINGS CERTIFICATES BY INSTALMENTS

Go to the Post Office and ask for a Defence Savings Card, which will be given you free. Then buy as many Defence Savings Stamps as you can afford, either As. 4|-, As. 8|-, or Re. 1|-, just when and how you like. When your card has stamps to the value of Rs. 10|- stuck on it, present it to any Post Office doing Savings Bank business and you will be given a Rs. 10|- Defence Savings Certificate

make your money earn its keep!

SAVE FOR SAFETY

DEFENCE SAVINGS CERTIFICATES

Beauty Thrives on Vitamin F

Modern beauty-specialists employ Vitamin F. to revive and to improve faded complexion and charm, with marvellous results.

Besides other very useful emolients for the skin, SUNIL SNOW contains Vitamin F. A few days use of this beauty-reviver will bring about the much sought-for healthy glow in your complexion. The regular use of SUNIL SNOW will keep your skin smooth, supple and young. You will become brighter and fairer day to day.

GET A POT OF SUNIL SNOW FROM YOUR STORE.

SUNIL SNOW

BOMBAY SOAP FACTORY BOMBAY 3

"How can I keep my children free from Colds and Coughs?"

ANGIER'S is the answer

The surest way to keep children healthy and robust and able to go out in all weathers without any ill after-effects—is to build up their powers of resistance with Angier's Emulsion.

Angier's is endorsed by the medical profession and used in children's hospitals throughout the country. It is a soothing, pleasant emulsion, with unique tonic and building properties. For colds, coughs, whooping-cough, bronchitis and all chest affections, it is invaluable. If children are weakly and run-down after measles or a fever, Angier's quickly restores strength and hastens recovery. For the child with a poor appetite and weak digestion, Angier's Emulsion is the ideal tonic because it soothes the digestive tract and helps the digestive process.

Children all like it and take it willingly. Let your child have it regularly; it is unequalled for giving the extra strength and stamina needed at all times.

Of all Chemists and Bazars in two sizes.

Angier's Emulsion contains no animal oil, and in its preparation is untouched by hand. It is therefore acceptable to all castes and religions.

WINCARNIS

made this amazing difference

Backed by over 25,000 recommendations from medical men, Wincarnis is the finest tonic known for all cases of debility, listlessness and loss of vitality.

It is invaluable during convalescence and for those subject to Malaria. Wincarnis is full of the most concentrated health and vitality-giving elements. It literally *creates* new red blood—you can feel it pounding through your veins within a few minutes of drinking your first glass of Wincarnis. You can actually *feel* new strength and vigour rising up within you, filling you with a new joy in living.

If you are feeling run-down, good for neither work nor play—start a course of Wincarnis. To-morrow you'll begin a new, better, "enjoying-every-minute-of-it" life!

OBTAINABLE FROM ALL CHEMISTS BAZAARS & STORES

THE QUICKEST WAY TO HEALTH

IB/W/89

BE PREPARED TO GREET TO-MORROW THE TWO

COLLEGE CUTIES

CAUGHT IN CUPID'S COBWEB!

ASHA Pictures' — आशीर्वचन — Rollicking Romance

Ghar Jawai

Screenplay by PRINCIPAL ATRE

Produced by H. V. MOTE

Directed by: KUMARSEN SAMARTH

Music by: ANNASAHEB MAINKAR

Distributors: PEERLESS PICTURES, Bom. 4.

Starring: Shobhana Samarth, Vanmala, Avinash, Damuanna

GALA PREMIERE TO-MORROW: 1-30 p.m.

AT

NEW WEST END

Daily at 4, 6-30, 9-45 p.m.
Sat., Sun. 1-30 p.m.

CAPITOL FROM TO-DAY DAILY, 4, 6-30 & 10 P. M.

THE HIT THAT WAS MADE FOR HAPPINESS.
COME ON AND SING—DANCE—AND LAUGH YOUR TROUBLES AWAY!

Original Screen Play by John Monks, Jr. and Fred Finklehoffe
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture
Directed by BUSBY BERKELEY • Produced by ARTHUR FREED

also LATEST WAR NEWS.
SUNDAY MORNING AT 10-30
RONALD COLMAN FRANCIS DEE BASIL RATHBONE
IN "IF I WERE A KING"

Bombay & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Fagan Sud 9, 1997
Muslim: Safar 11, 1360
Parsi: Meher 4, 1310
Hightide: 5-04; 19-04
Lowtide: 11-58
Sunrise: 6h. 55m.
Sunset: 6h. 46m.

NOTICE TO JURYMEN

Common Jurors' attention is drawn to the notice appearing in the Public Notifications Column.

BOMBAY ENGINEERING CONGRESS

Lecture on "Production Planning and Control" by Mr. A. C. Malcolm Grange to-day (Friday) at 6-15 p.m. in the Conference Hall, Electric House, Fort; open to engineers, industrial executives and other interested in the subject.

FORT STUDENTS' UNION

Under the auspices of Fort Students' Union, Sjt. Dhirajalal Desai, the President of B. P. C. C. is going to visit the "Spinning-Club" to-day (Friday) at 7-45 (S.T.). New as well as old students are invited to be present on the occasion.

STUDENTS' LITERARY & SCIENTIFIC SOCIETY

The prize distribution gathering of the Society's Girls' High School will be held at Sunderbai Hall, Carnegy Road, off Queen's Road, to-day (Friday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) when the Hon. Mr. Justice B. J. Wadia will preside and Mrs. Wadia will distribute prizes.

"WAR AND CIVIL LIBERTIES"

Under the auspices of Bombay Students' Union, the seventh lecture of the "War Series" will be held to-day (Friday) at 6-15 p.m. (S.T.) at Mantri House, when Dr. K. Menon will speak on "War and Civil Liberties."

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS

A public study class on the subject of "Kama-Loka and Devachan" from the Key to Theosophy by H. P. Blavatsky, will be held to-day (Friday) at 6-15 p.m. at Jehangir Wadia Building, opposite Flora Fountain. All are invited.

BYCULLA DISTRICT CONGRESS COMMITTEE

The meeting of the Managing Council of the Byculla District Congress Committee will be held to-day (Friday) at 10 p.m. (S.T.) in the Committee's Office.

There will be Workers' meeting to discuss about Charkha Clubs at 9-30 p.m. (S.T.) in the Committee's Office and Sjt. Dhirajbhai Desai, President, B.P.C.C. will be present on the occasion.

SECONDARY BOARD OF EDUCATION

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes:—

The Government of Bombay has directed that the period of the present Board of Secondary Education should be extended by one year and that the tenure of the future Boards should be for three years instead of two years.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER IN WARD 13.

The Commissioner will meet the elected members of Ward No. 13 to-morrow (Saturday) at 6-31 a.m. (Bombay Time), at Byculla Fire Brigade Station and go round with them in the Ward.

SOUTH INDIAN SANGEETHA SABHA.

A Musical Concert by Sangeetha Bhupathi Viswanatha Aiyar-Vocal, accompanied by Kumbakonam Rajamanickam Pillai-Violin and Kothandarama Aiyar of Kumbakonam, Mridangam will come off on Sunday at 4-15 p.m. (S.T.) at the South Indian Education Society's School Hall, Brahmin Wada Road, Matunga, G.I.P.

Lectures On "Hindu Culture" And "Persian Poetry"

Professor S. Hadi Hasan, Professor of Persian, Aligarh Muslim University, will deliver under the auspices of the University of Bombay, a course of two lectures, in the Lecture Theatre, University School of Economics and Sociology, Fort, Bombay, on the following days commencing at 6 p.m. each day:—

To-day (Friday) "Hindu Contributions to Learning and Culture."

To-morrow (Saturday) "Persian Poetry with special reference to Khaqani."

Diwan Bahadur K. M. Jhaveri will preside over the first lecture, and Mr. R. P. Masani, Vice-Chancellor of the University, over the second.

Ramakrishna Anniversary

The 106th birthday anniversary of Sri Ramakrishna Paramahamsa will be celebrated at a public meeting at Blavatsky Hall at 6-30 p.m. to-day (Friday), when Sir S. S. Patkar will preside and speeches will be delivered by Mr. K. Natarajan, Mrs. Sumatibai V. Kirtikar, Messrs. S. S. Kavlekar, Advocate, and Jamnadas Dwarkadas, Swami Sambuddhananda and others. There will also be musical entertainment by Messrs. Rajendra Mukerji, C. K. Naik, Sitalhari Ghosh and Mrs. Gauri S. Ghosh.

The anniversary will be celebrated with a whole-day programme at the Ramakrishna Ashram, Khar, on Sunday next.

Cost Of Italian Prisoners In India

In the Council of State the Commander-in-Chief replying to Raja Yuvaraj Dutta Singh and Mr. Hossain Imam, said that the total number of Italian prisoners of war in India on March 1, 1941 was approximately 30,000 including 21 Generals and one Admiral. There were no German prisoners of war in India. His Excellency added that the total estimated cost of constructing each camp to hold 12,000 prisoners was Rs. 60 lakhs. The entire cost will be debited to His Majesty's Government.

A record increase of 1,30,000 in the population of the city of Madras during the last one decade is indicated by the provisional total figures submitted by the agents appointed for recording census in the various divisions of the city.—A.P.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"Strike Up the Band". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"The Mark of Zorro" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Busman's Honeymoon". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Hold My Hand". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"The Great Dictator" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Pardesi" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Radhika" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Bandhan" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Lagna Pahawe Karoon" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Nartaki" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Narsi Bhagat" Daily at 3, 6-15 and 9-30 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Madhusudan" Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Raj Nartaki" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Padosi" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
NOVELTY—"Dharma Bandhan" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Punarmilan". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
CHITRA—"The Unexpected" Daily at 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
EDWARD—"Trust Your Wife" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
HINDMATA—"Sneh Bandhan" Daily at 4-30, 7 and 10 p.m.
PALACE—"Pride and Prejudice" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

STAND BY CONGRESS

Implement Its Constructive Programme

To explain the present political situation in the country a public meeting under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee was held at Dhaku Prabhu's Wadi, Ghodapdev, Reay Road on Thursday night.

Mr. S. V. Sohani presided and prominent among those who addressed the meeting were Messrs. Athawale, M. S. Chilut, N. P. Torat and Keshav Talpade. All the speakers urged the people to stand by the Congress and implement the Congress constructive programme.

Mr. Thorat explained to the audience as to how a half hour a day spent at spinning on the Charkha would help to augment their meagre income. He appealed to the people of Ghodapdev to join Charkha Sangh which is shortly to be opened in the locality.

Mr. M. S. Savant who is to offer Satyagraha on March 8, was profusely garlanded.

39 Communists Arrested

Considerable Quantities Of "Red" Literature Seized

LAHORE, March 6.

Thirty-nine communists have been arrested and considerale quantities of Communist literature have been seized in the province since the outbreak of the war, stated Mir Maqbool Mahmud, Parliamentary Secretary to the Premier in reply to a question in the Punjab Assembly this afternoon.

ARTIFICIAL GHEE.

Mian Abdul Haye, Education Minister, informed the House that Government have decided that no artificial ghee shall be sold or offered or exposed for sale or kept in possession for the purpose of sale unless it is coloured with oil orange.

DISCUSSION ON BUDGET.

The House then commenced general discussion on the budget which was initiated by Sir Gokalchand Narang, a former Minister. He said that so far as bold schemes or big planning for the development of the province were concerned. The Budget was disappointing. He severely criticised insufficient provisions for industrialisation of the province and suggested that to advance the industrial status of the province Government should borrow and then advanced loans to reliable industrialists or they should come forward with their own schemes. —A. P.

KHURSHEDBEN IN BOMBAY

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Miss Khurshedben, grand-daughter of Dadabhoy Naoroji arrived in Bombay to-day. She was released from the Peshawar Central Jail early this week and served with an order to reside within the limits of Bombay and Salsette island.

University Dept. Of Chemical Technology

His Excellency Sir Roger Lumley, Chancellor of the University of Bombay, will lay the foundation-stone of the new building for the Department of Chemical Technology at Matunga Road on Monday, 17th inst.

Hockey Championship Final

G. I. P. LIKELY TO PLAY UNDER PROTEST?

(By Fairplay)

This evening on the B. P. H. A. ground, the G. I. P. Railway (Headquarters) and the Young Sports meet in the final of the Bombay Provincial Hockey Championship. A great game is anticipated.

The selection of one referee for this important match is going to shock hockey fans. Hockey enthusiasts would have thought that the final would have been entrusted to men who have earned a reputation for good refereeing. One of the referees selected caused a minor riot in an earlier round of the Championship. A protest followed one of this referee's errors and the B. P. H. A. had to order a replay. The writer holds no brief for any referee nor grudges the final being given to any member of the Referees' Association, but in fairness to the G. I. P. Railway, the 1939-1940 Champions, and incidentally, to the Young Sports, no man, who is likely to lose his head, should be given the whistle for supervising the final of any tournament.

The selected referees are:
Messrs. Critchel and Reid.

The writer understands the G. I. P. may play under protest under the conditions.

JUNIOR AGA KHAN

St. Mary's Held By St. Sebastians

The second semi-final of the Junior Aga Khan Tournament remained undecided on Thursday. St. Sebastian's Goan, High School and St. Mary's High School being concerned in a goalless draw, despite extra time.

The match caused tremendous enthusiasm in the ranks of the young supporters of both institutions and every minute of the game was accompanied by rounds of applause which made a match, played at cracking pace and full of incident, a very interesting and exciting encounter.

All twenty-two lads, who took the field, put everything into the game and a dour struggle ensued for 60 minutes plus extra time.

On the run of play, St. Mary's, though a younger side, were to a degree the better side. Towards the close of the second half they deserved to score the decider.

The next meeting of St. Sebastian's and St. Mary's should be another hockey duel and will certainly be worth watching.

Calcutta Hockey League

Calcutta, March 6

Greer Sporting, who are likely to play in the Aga Khan Hockey Tournament in Bombay, held last year's Senior League Champions, the Bengal Government Press, in their First Division League fixture. The teams shared two goals.

The following are to-day's results:—

B. G. Press	1
Greer Sporting	1
Police	2
East Bengal	1
Punjab Sports	6
Lillooah	2

S. I. ASSOCIATION CHILDREN'S SPORTS

The South Indian Association, encouraged by the great success of their first sports meeting for children held last year, have decided to make the meeting an annual fixture. The second annual sports meeting for children will commence on or about March 13.

The competitors will be classified as follows:—

Sub-Juniors: 3 feet 8 inches and below.
Juniors: 4 feet 2 inches and below.
Intermediate: 4 feet 8 inches and below.
Seniors: 5 feet and below.

A very full programme is being provided for both boys and girls of all four sections. Entries close on March 9.

War Fund Tennis

Exhibition Tennis matches in aid of the War Fund will be played on the Centre Court of the Brabourne Stadium on Sunday March 16 at 4-30 p.m. under the distinguished patronage and in the presence of H. E. the Governor of Bombay and Lady Lumley.

The following players will participate in the matches:—

Miss L. Row, Miss K. Haji, J. Charanjiva, F. Bekkevold, M. Bhandari and J. E. Tew.

Tickets can be obtained from the Cricket Club of India, the Bombay Gymkhana and the Bandra Gymkhana.

Tennis At Baroda

BARODA, March 5.

The following are the results of matches played yesterday in the Union Gymkhana Tennis Tournament at Baroda:—

MEN'S DOUBLES.

Quarter-finals: A. Moses and P. S. Khambata beat C Pavri and K. S. Bhawan Singh 4-6; 6-3; 6-0.

P. Wadia and H. Desai w.o Raj Kumar Hira Singh and Desai.

MIXED DOUBLES

Quarter-finals: Mrs. G. Wadia and A. Moses beat, Miss D. Aquino and Partner 6-2; 6-2.

Mrs. Tayabji and M. D. Purohit beat Miss Cama and Elavia 7-5; 6-8; 6-4.

BATTLE FOR QUOTA OF SEATS

Election To Civic Committees Postponed

The Municipal Corporation adjourned on Thursday without transacting any business. This adjournment was moved by Mr. Naushir Bharucha so as to arrive at some settlement with the Congress Party by the Federated Group in regard to the elections on the Statutory Committee.

The Congress Party, last year had arrived at a pact with the Federated Group to grant them on each of the Statutory Committees six seats out of sixteen, viz: four for the Federated Group and two for the Independent councillors. The Federated Group now insists on six seats for their own members. A party meeting was held in the afternoon before the meeting of the Corporation to arrive at some settlement, but as no compromise was arrived at, the adjournment was moved, so as to postpone the elections to the Statutory Committees which were to take place on Thursday afternoon.

Dr. J. N. Choksy protested against the adjournment, and said the parties which were seeking for seats on the Statutory Committees had not come to serve the interests of the city and the ratepayers, but their own personal ends. It was a shame, he said, that in the Corporation, by party squabbles and parleys, interests of the city were given a go-bye.

The Mayor said he had to put the adjournment motion to vote, as it was moved. The adjournment motion was agreed to and the Mayor adjourned the House till Monday.

REGAL DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

LAST DAY TO-DAY!
The MARK of ZORRO
FROM TO-MORROW

THE crowning touch of beauty Nature meant to be yours all your life. She gave you a fresh new skin growing all the while below the outer surface, and she meant the old dried-up cuticle imperceptibly to fall away, leaving the new fresh youthful skin all its youthful beauty.

Only too often modern conditions upset this process. Tiny particles of dead, dried-up cuticle remain to clog the pores and choke the life of the new tender skin. That is why some women's complexions seem so old and sallow.

You can make sure of the beauty Nature designed for you. Just get from your chemist, store or bazaar some pure Mercolized Wax and gently rub it in with the finger-tips before you go to bed. While you sleep the Mercolized Wax will be softly imperceptibly dissolving away all those tiny particles of old worn-out skin, leaving the fresh young skin underneath healthy, clear and beautiful — and several shades lighter.

Even one night will show you how this natural way transcends all artificial means and lotions. But be sure to get Mercolized Wax (containing no animal fat) and follow the instructions on the jar.

MERCOLIZED WAX

METRO
DAILY AT 3-30 - 6-30 - 10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045

HOW CAN A PIECE OF TWINE TURN INTO A HANGMAN'S ROPE FOR A KILLER?

FOR ANSWER SEE

ROBERT MONTGOMERY

AS A SLICK SOCIETY SLEUTH SOLVE A BAFFLING MYSTERY

in

"BUSMAN'S HONEYMOON"

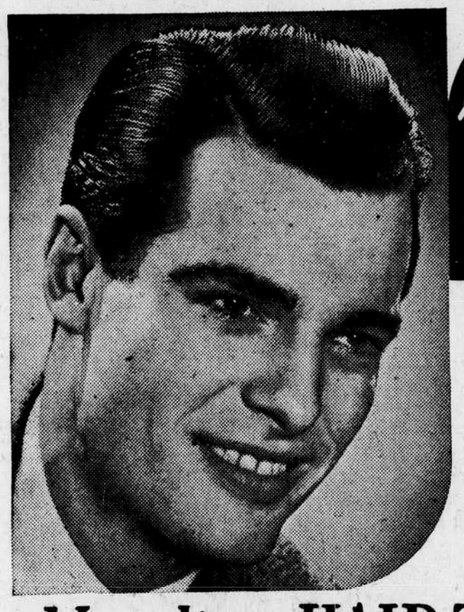
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture

with

Constance CUMMINGS
LESLIE BANKS
SIR SEYMOUR HICKS
ROBERT NEWTON

YOU'LL THRILL TO THE SEASON'S LUSTIEST LOVE AND LAUGH MYSTERY DRAMA!

ADDED ATTRACTIONS!
FITZ PATRICK TRAVELTALK
PETE SMITH SPECIALTY
BRITISH MOVIETONE NEWS



1ST STEP TO HANDSOME HAIR .. CHECK DRY SCALP

STOP worrying about that falling dandruff and annoying itchy scalp. Concentrate on relieving Dry Scalp the easy 'Vaseline' Hair Tonic way. This different Tonic actually supplements the natural scalp oils, protects against Dry Scalp. A few drops on the hair EVERY MORNING will keep it good-looking. EVERY WEEK, before shampooing, a generous massage with 'Vaseline' Hair Tonic will help prevent Dry Scalp.

Vaseline HAIR TONIC
TRADE MARK

First Aid — For cuts, bruises, burns and rough broken skin, use 'Vaseline' Petroleum Jelly. Absolutely pure, it soothes and aids healing. Keep a jar always on hand.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, MARCH 7, 1941

ARMY REFORM

The Budget debate in the Council of State has so far referred mainly to matters of defence because of Pundit Kunzru's resolution recommending recruitment from all classes and areas and the Commander-in-Chief's substitute resolution accepting the principle of the former. The general feeling in both the Houses is that, if there must be a huge expenditure on defence, the country must in fairness get some substantial return in the shape of Indianisation of the Army, recruitment from a wider field and non-official control over defence policy and expenditure. And it follows that as far as possible every province should be benefited in these respects. This feeling was expressed in the three suggestions of Mr. Shantidas Askuran that the Commander-in-Chief should appoint a special committee of the Central Legislature to scrutinize all defence expenditure, that the Army Indianisation Committee should resume its work—its suspension had caused widespread disappointment—and that there should be a War Advisory Council, representing both British India and the Indian States. These are very modest proposals which can be accepted by Government even in the absence of a settlement with the Congress on the basis of the latter's Poona offer.

Vague Assurances

The Commander-in-Chief, who joined the debate early on Wednesday, said he fully sympathised with "the universal and insistent demand for closer co-operation between the Legislature and the Defence Department, specially in respect of giving advice to the Defence Department and receiving information from them." But even this simple form of co-operation, he said, "was not an easy matter to arrange" and he only hoped that "before long it might be possible to arrive at a suitable compromise which would be useful both to the House and to the Government." He evidently means that at present the public should co-operate only by paying gifts, loans, and taxes to Government and, as Sir Cowasji Jehangir remarked, by knitting stockings, and for the rest should live on vague promises for the future. His Excellency also referred to the grievances of the Viceroy's Commissioned officers and utilising the University Training Corps and said that he would always watch the interests of the Officers and was also considering the question of U. T. C's. The Council of State has many friends of Government but we cannot believe that any Indian member was satisfied with such vague assurances.

Wanted Control

It is something that the Commander-in-Chief accepted the principle of Pandit Kunzru's resolution in his own substitute resolution, which was finally adopted by the House. The official resolution states: "This Council, while recognising that, to begin with, the Army could be most speedily expanded only on the existing basis of recruitment, recommends to the Governor-General-in-Council that the Army authorities should now review sources of man-power throughout the country and should exclude no class or area from consideration for recruitment in the formation of new units." This is not so positive or definite as Pundit Kunzru's resolution which stated that the additional forces should "in future be raised from all classes and provinces in adequate numbers." Nor is one quite reassured by the Commander-in-Chief's long catalogue of difficulties in the way of making the army more representative and by his remark that to change the tradition of the army and "to introduce radical alterations in the system of army organization in the middle of a war would be a most hazardous experiment." It is true that His Excellency has already issued instructions to revive the old Madras regiment and has expressed the hope "before long to be able to ensure the permanent representation of other provinces." But we have reason to fear that the promised reform, a modest one as it is, will not come soon enough or be on an adequate scale unless and until the Legislature exercises substantial control over the defence policies.

Justified Confidence

Mr. A. V. Alexander, the First Lord of the Admiralty, may lack the magnetic quality of his Chief but he always conveys the impression of imperturbable confidence. In his latest speech in the House of Commons, he gave an excellent account of his custodianship of the British Navy, which has stood between the Nazi legions and Britain for eight months now. It was not an empty boast but simple truth when he averred that the British Navy is doing the service which was accomplished by five navies in the last war. Not only that but strategically, owing to the fall of France, the situation is far more disadvantageous to Britain than during 1914-18. That, in spite of all these drawbacks, Britain still remains the mistress of the seas is a high tribute to her "senior service". There have been heavy losses, of course, as frankly admitted by Mr. Alexander but they have never reached the dangerous proportions of the last war. Herr Hitler has threatened to open an intensive U-boat campaign in the spring. That may, and does, cause concern but not undue alarm. These new threats can be met as successfully as was the much-vaunted secret weapon of the magnetic mines.

A Significant Communique

Mr. Eden and General Sir John Dill have concluded their visit to Greece. The official 'communique' issued from Athens gives the general results achieved and its relevant part reads thus:

"The two Governments proceeded to a thorough review of the situation in the Balkans *where all their efforts continue to be directed towards preventing extension of the war.* They found themselves in complete agreement on all aspects of the situation". (our italics). From the message issued by Mr. Eden and from King George's own active participation in the discussions—let alone broadcasts on the Athens radio particularly to America—it is clear that Greece is determined to fight on to the end. But the emphasis in the communique on continuing efforts towards preventing extension of the war sounds to us rather significant. Does it mean that it has been agreed to let the Germans establish themselves on the Greek frontier uninterfered with by, say, British bombers? If this is so, has the decision been arrived at only because Greece is not technically at war with Germany or for reasons of higher and, perhaps, wider international policy?

Kamala Nehru Hospital

How It Can Become A Great National Medical Centre

By: 'MEDICUS'

In his article published in these columns on the 4th instant, Dr. Jivraj Mehta states:

The most important thing about a hospital, once it is constructed and equipped, is its maintenance. Hospitals depending on voluntary contributions have always to pass through a great deal of struggle to keep them (selves) going. *It is the same all over the world.* Those familiar with the working of the large voluntary hospitals in London know full well what an amount of trouble their committees have to undergo to keep these hospitals above debt (italics mine).

As one interested in medical progress and organization I feel called upon to qualify the categorical statement of Dr. Mehta inasmuch as it gives a wholly misleading impression of the medical situation in the various European progressive countries and to that extent restricts our perspective "vis-a-vis" the future development of the Kamala Nehru Hospital in which the whole Indian nation takes the highest interest

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Before giving a factual description of the modern progressive and really scientific medical institutions established in both European countries and the United States, I must emphasize at the outset that medicine as well as scientific research are conditioned by certain basic factors of the socio-political situation that differs from country to country. The existing character of each of the medical institutions that maintain a therapeutic service as well as establishment of research is influenced by, and has important bearing on, the general social and political background. Thus, the British hospitals reflect the conditions that obtain in Great Britain and the empire practically in every aspect of the situation and no comparison can be drawn between the medical institutions established in that country and the corresponding institutions in other countries that live under divergent and not infrequently conflicting conditions.

If, therefore, any analogy is at all to be drawn from any of the foreign hospitals, we should go to those countries that present similarity to the Indian conditions in some if not all respects. That there are such countries in the world and also that we can imbibe our inspiration from these countries and the men who have struggled to achieve medical progress under unfavourable conditions in these countries is quite obvious to all those who approach the study of medical organisation and progress.

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Dr. Jivraj Mehta's thesis that private patronage and contribution from the public are an essential condition for maintenance of hospitals is not acceptable for the simple reason that the world-famous institutions on the European continent as well as the United States of America depend mainly on the State for support. And when both the State and the people are not in a position to extend an adequate measure of that support the deficiency is made up with the idealism and spirit of service of scientists and workers in the scientific field and service.

Leaving 'social medicine' or 'Red medicine' out of account for the present, attention must be drawn to the network of clinics and panels that have been built up in countries like Germany, France and the U.S.A. where by common admission the highest standard of therapeutic and scientific efficiency has been established When we take into consideration the system of medical training, organization and service established in these continental countries and compare them with those in the United Kingdom and its colonies like India the contrast is brought into clear relief.

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So far as the Kamala Nehru Hospital is concerned, there seems no reason why, if the men on the Foundation possessed imagination, initiative and, above all, energy, it should not be developed into the greatest national institution and centre of medical research in the country. If this country lacked in resources of money, there is no reason why the Hospital should not mobilize all other available and potential resources that are as essential and utilize them in building the Hospital into a great national medical centre.

The medical problems of this country are apparently almost hopeless what with lack of essential resources combined with our national inertia and the permanent sense of dependence from which we all suffer. But the problems will have to be faced and solved, if not to-day then to-morrow, when the existing conditions undergo inevitable changes And these problems can be solved only when we try first to appraise the problems and seek solution for them in the inspiring achievement of those who battled with the handicaps and difficulties to which we, too, have been subjected. Lack of money resources is not the greatest of these handicaps as the example of other countries clearly proves. Nor can money in itself make up the deficiencies and defects that hamper the development of scientific thought and progress in this country. Thus, we find that in relatively poorer countries scientific progress is out of remarkable proportion to the corresponding 'progress' achieved by the countries that can boast the highest number of millionaires and plutocrats as well as a higher standard of living amongst the general population.

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But so far as the Kamala Nehru and other Foundations are concerned, it is essential that the intellect of Indians and their scientific resources which at present receive systematic neglect and their national idealism are mobilized. So far as this particular institution is concerned, there are any number of men and women in this country who are prepared to devote themselves to the work of scientific service and research based at the institution if those who are responsible for the management of the Hospital remove the barriers and barricades that have been erected on the basis of monopoly. Monopoly in medicine sounds strange no doubt; but it actually exists as could be seen from the fact that the United Provinces Government of all other Provincial Governments under the late Congress Ministries removed the ban that has been established on Indians who happen to have received their medical training in countries other than the United Kingdom and Italy.

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This handicap is signficant of the conflict that exists on the social plane of commercial profits of medicine and the scientific function of medicine as science. The periodical agitation carried on by certain section of the medical profesion, who are reduced to a position of professional trade unionism, demonstrates also that the entire basis of this kind of organization is false and definitely detrimental to any scientific progress.

India, in other words, should not be fenced away on the basis of parasitical self-interests of a class or group but allowed to have free access to the great and free world of science. In medicine particularly such discrimination must prove, as it is actually proving, suicidal. The agitation started by some of the medical lumi-

(Continued on Page 9)

Frankly Speaking

Lease And Lend Bill

It is now possible to hope that the Lend and Lease Bill will after all be voted by the Senate on Saturday. Roosevelt is an astute man and knows when and how to yield. He has, therefore, accepted a number of amendments to the Bill to strengthen almost decisively his chances against the isolationists. One or two of these are fairly important but they are not likely to defeat the purpose of the Bill. For instance, his power to transfer Government military equipment has been limited. But since he can dispose of as much as 1,300 million dollars of it at his discretion, he will have time enough to secure congressional authorisation for more if and when necessary. The amendments voted so far do no more than introduce the spirit of democracy into the Bill and should, therefore, be welcome even to the British. On one point the Administration is rightly making a strong stand. As Mr. Cordell Hull says, any thing designed to confine the activities of U. S. troops to the Western Hemisphere will encourage Japanese aggressiveness. The argument is unanswerable.

Patriot Army's Success

While in the north British forces are held up for the time being, near Keren and the Gondar region, the African columns are, let us hope, continuing their successful sweep into Abyssinia from the south. But Abyssinians in Gojjam seem to be doing even better than the South African troops. They have become a serious menace to Addis Ababa itself! On Tuesday the patriot army occupied Buyre, an Italian fort about 160 miles North-west of Addis Ababa. By Wednesday it had come to within 120 miles of the capital and should the principal obstacle, Debra Markos, which they were threatening, be overcome the advance may well continue at a fast pace. The patriot army is, of course, too weak to capture Addis Ababa. Its strength and equipment are essentially meant for guerrila warfare. But guerrilla activities at the very gates of Addis Ababa would constitute a war of nerves against the Italians almost as effective as heavy and continuous artillery bombardment.

Outrageous

It is an outrage on decency and justice that Congress Satyagrahis like Mian Iftikhar-ud-Din, M.L.A., Sardar Pratap Singh, M.L.A., and Dr. Choitram Gidwani and several others should have been handcuffed while being taken to Gujarat in the Punjab. These leaders, it will be admitted by all, are anxious to be in jail, whatever the Punjab Government may think about their wisdom in courting jail. Even if released, they seek jail again. To handcuff such men, as if they were dangerous criminals anxious to escape or to commit violence, is a vulgar exhibition of might. We shall charitably assume for the present that there has been some bungling on the part of the police and that it will not be repeated. If is is, it will certainly not deter would-be Satyagrahis. We hope the Premier, whose wrath against all opposition to war effort is well-known, has not lost all sense of proportion in dealing with opponents.

Promoting Communal Harmony

We wholeheartedly welcome the Punjab Government's scheme for the promotion of communal harmony in the province. That scheme, it is said, envisages the collection of authentic historic incidents indicating tolerance and respect towards all communities, organisation of lectures on communal harmony, encouragement of periodicals promoting such harmony and the celebration of common festivals. The Punjab Government are evidently enthusiastic about the scheme and have sanctioned one lakh of rupees for it. If it is carried out in the right spirit the scheme is bound to yield good results. It may be suggested here that the incidents to be collected indicating tolerance and respect towards all communities should not be confined to the Punjab. Drawn from India as a whole the incidents will be more striking and more lasting in their effect.

Radhakrishnan

Sir S. Radhakrishnan contributes a most readable article to the newly published magazine "Art and Culture". The article deals with India in its relation to the world crisis. It is, however, not this phase of his article that is so interesting as the remarks he makes on democracy and the present war. "Of this war," Prof. Radhakrishnan says, "the end will be the beginning." Moral principles will have to inspire the peace-makers if we are to escape the shambles that followed in the wake of Versailles. Prof. Radhakrishnan very aptly quotes Senor de Madariago, who said: "A democracy that goes to war, if beaten, loses its liberty at the hands of its adversary, if victorious it loses its liberty at its own hands." To which the learned Professor adds the crisp thought that a democracy cannot wage war and remain a democracy. There are various other thought-provoking sentences in the Professors's admirable article. His conception of the function of a University is very fine, indeed, perhaps a trifle idealistic. He says: "Our Universities must be the Indian nation thinking aloud." It is not often that we get such well-thought out and inspiring articles and they should, therefore, be read with care and attention.

Problem Of Rural Reconstruction

NANAVATI'S TRIBUTE TO WORK OF CONGRESS MINISTRIES

"Ever since Mahatma Gandhi entered Indian politics and took up the cause of the country's social service, the problem of rural reconstruction has come to the fore", observed Mr. Manilal Nanavati, delivering a lecture on the 'Essentials of Rural Reconstruction' at the University School of Sociology and Economics, Bombay, on Thursday evening.

Sir Jehangir Coyajee presided and among the prominent listeners was Mr. Justice H. V. Divetia.

The lecturer gave details of the data collected by the Agricultural Commission.

Out of the 26 crores of the economic wealth of the country, nearly 16 crores were produced by agriculture.

But, yet the poverty of the Indian peasant was proverbial and unequalled in any other countries.

The Central Government as a result of the findings of the Agricultural Commission had been doing useful work. During the last ten years they had done what they were not able to do during almost two centuries.

CONGRESS MINISTRIES' WORK

Then there was the work done by the Provincial Governments, especially the admirable work of the Congress Governments which had been unfortunately interrupted. The first thing they did was to pass debt bills and establish conciliation boards by means of which they endeavoured to write off old debts. The happy result was 60 to 70 per cent debts in some of the provinces had already been liquidated.

Rent control was vested in the rural development departments created in the provinces. These new departments were doing enormous work and in time to come the country would see the fruits of their work.

But the fact had to be faced that the rural population was mostly illiterate, backward, superstitious and sometimes even mentally undeveloped

Something had to be done to arouse the villagers' curiosity, to educate him and to make him benefit by the scientific amenetiees provided for him.

THREE ESSENTIALS

It was not a small problem. To work it on a comprehensive scale three things were important.

The first essential was a compulsory Village Panchayat for every village, organised by statute.

The second essential was a Village School, a real centre for culture and enlightenment.

The third essential was a Co-operative Society, for all economic purposes.

If the villages in India were organised on these scientific bases with a democratic outlook, they could be put on a sound footing.

Japan through the medium of education had succeeded in obliterating all religious distinctions. If all schools were to have a uniform pattern of dress, that would help to get rid of the communal costumes worn in India.

The Hindu, Muslim, Parsi and Christian would think, look and act alike if he were so educated. This experiment had been successfully tried in most of the progressive countries in the world, and there was no reason why it should not succeed in India.

Sir Jehangir Coyajee paid eloquent encomiums to the lecturer for his comprehensive elucidation of the subject.

Mr. Justice H V. Divetia proposed a vote of thanks.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

Field Marshal Goering had a long conference with General Antonescu, says a Vienna despatch to the official German news agency.

They discussed "important military and economic questions of interest to both the countries." The talks were conducted "in the spirit of German-Rumanian friendship and collaboration".

—Reuter.

* * * *

"The Maharajadhiraja of Darbhanga utilised the occasion for political observation".—Council of State report.

Naturally. Where else could he get it all off his chest?

* * * *

"Speakers from the Muslim League and Congress Nationalist Parties opposed the whole principle of punishment by imprisonment for offences under the (Ticketless Travellers) Bill, but said they were helpless in the face of Government's voting strength in the House."

Which now completely convinces us as to Mr Amery's general and particular speeches and broadcasts relating to Democracy.

By the way, our sympathy is at the disposal of the Muslim League and Congress Nationalist parties.

* * * *

A press headline suggests that the Sind Government is on the eve of collapse.

We personally would not be surprised if Mr. Bundeh Ali, Muslim League Premier for the time being, emerged out of the debris a new man.

* * * *

Capturing Buyre, 160 miles from Addis Ababa, on Tuesday, Abyssian patriots had pushed on to less than 140 miles from Addis Ababa on Wednesday.

Will the capital after all hail Selaissie even before British forces arrive anywhere near it?

* * * *

POSTSCRIPT:—The patriots did another 20 miles on the same day.

And our wonder is getting nearer and nearer Addis Ababa.

* * * *

Britain, says the First Lord of the Admiralty, is quite prepared to take the German Navy on "with all the ships alone which you profess to have sunk."

Admiral Raeder won't accept the challenge. But Doctor Goebbels cheerfully will, sinking all the ships over again in a few minutes.

* * * *

According to a traveller who has just arrived at Belgrade from Sofia, the majority of Bulgarian communists have been arrested and flung into prison.

This ought not to be news to the Kremlin—now. At least let us hope so.

* * * *

The Soviet attitude towards events in Bulgaria "has caused deep sensation in Ankara."

As a matter of fact it caused some sort of sensation to us, too. But the novelty is now wearing off.

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Vichy Fails To Honour Tokyo Ultimatum

—Headline.

Inconceivable. For, thereby Vichy would be honouring itself.

* * * *

A later message suggests that the French Government has accepted the Japanese award.

It is very gratifying to record that Vichy has come down—sorry come up to our expectation.

* * * *

Two men attended a village church tea for which the tickets were six pence each.

The profits were to go towards providing comforts for the troops.

Billson, after accounting for ten cups of tea, eight sandwiches, three plates of bread and butter, five jam tarts, and four small buns, was passing his cup for the eleventh time when he turned to his companion and said: "I think everyone should encourage a thing of this sort, as it's for a good cause".

Sind Premier Taken Bv Surprise

Dramatic Resignations From Cabinet

ALLAH BAKSH TO FORM NEW MINISTRY

Mir Bunde Ali's Exit Evokes No Sympathy

KARACHI, March 6.

KHAN Bahadur Allah Baksh, the Opposition Leader, was summoned by H. E. the Governor this evening and he has accepted to form a new Ministry.

It is almost certain that the following five, namely Khan Bahadur Allah Baksh (Premier), Sir Ghulam Hussain Hidayatullah, Pir Elahi Bux, Mr. Nichaldas Vazirani and Rao Sahib Gokuldas will be sworn in while the choice of the sixth Minister (Muslim) is believed to be kept pending for the time being.

DRAMATIC SCENE

Ministers Take Premier By Surprise

The announcement of the resignation of the three Mnisters Khan Bahadur Allahbux, Mr. Nichaldas Vazirani and Rao Saheb Gokuldas took their three colleagues by surprise. The Ministerial benches were practically deserted except for the presence of half a dozen Muslim supporters of the League Ministers and two European members.

The public expecting a battle royal tomcrrow when the no-confidence motion against the Premier was due to be discussed was totally unprepared for the dramatic turn of events and this was evidenced by the sparse attendance in the gallery. An inkling of the coming storm was provided by the good attendance on the Opposition benches, 34 being present comprising 16 Muslim supporters of Khan Bahadur Allahbuz, 11 Hindus and 7 Congressites.

CUT MOTION WITHDRAWN

In accordance with a prearranged plan the Opposition members withdrew all the one rupee cut motions. Mr. M. H. Gazdar (Muslim League) also withdrew his one rupee cut motion under the head of Land Revenue. General discussion of the entire demand did not take more than one hour. Towards the end of the discussion Mr. Nichaldas Vazrani, Minister-in-Charge replying said "I am quite convinced that the whole House is fully satisfied with my policy and my department."

DRAMATIC ANNOUNCEMENTS

He then suddenly announced the resignation of himself and his two other colleagues in the following words: "Now, Sir, the position is this. You know very well that the Premier made a statement here that some of his colleagues were not seeing eye to eye with him and he had been desiring my resignation. I, therefore, have submitted my resignation to the Governor. With your permission I may be allowed to cross over."

Rai Saheb Gokuldas, Minister for Local Self-Government, then announced: "I also have resigned and submitted my resignation to the Governor."

LEAGUE THREAT

Khan Bahadur Allahbux next addresed the House.

He said that he would have liked to continue till the time of moving of the no-confidence motion against the Premier fixed for tomorrow, but unfortunately he had received a leaflet in which the Muslim League had threatened members not remaining in their fold and expressed its intention of staging a demonstration at the Secretariat. "It was not possible for us," he said, "to submit to that coercion. Coercion being there we decided that there should be nc further talks and we, therefore, tendered our resignations."

Immediately after his statement Mr. Allahbux walked over to the Opposition benches.

"WE HAVE NO MAJORITY."

After the three ministers had crossed the floor, the Premier, Mr. Bunde Ali addressing the House said: "We have no majority. My three colleagues who ought to have resigned long long ago say that they have resigned to-day. Therefore, I have no other alternative but to go out and I am handing my resignation as well as the Cabinet's resignation to H. E. the Governor this evening.

Voices: "Take votes."

The Speaker: "I will put the demand to vote."

Khan Bahadur Khuro: "The Premier has clearly stated that he has no majority for the Government and that he is tendering the Cabinet's resignation this evening. Therefore he requests that the business of the House be suspended."

Several Voices: "No, no."

Khan Bahadur Khuro: "What is the objection?"

"HOW CAN WE TRUST AIM?"

Sir Ghulam Hussein: "The demand has been moved and as the House is in possession of the demand, it should be put to vote and whether it is rejected or accepted depends upon the House.

Mr. M. H. Gazdar (Muslim League): "This is a first class constitutional issue. Now that the Revenue Minister (Mr. Nichaldas) says that he has resigned and the Premier says that he is resigning no body takes the responsibility for the demand and the House should be adjourned.

Sir Ghulam: "How can we trust the Premier when he says he is resigning this evening?"

The Speaker Miran Mohamed Shah. "The Premier is the head of the Government and if he cannot maintain the sanctity of his promise made on the floor of the House, how can he occupy Office?"

HOUSE ADJOURNED.

Khan Bahadur Allah Baksh: "I do not think that the Premier can get out of his announcement made in the House because the Chair will inform the Government that he had suspended the business of the House on the clear understanding that the Premier is tendering resignation. I personally feel that this ought to satisfy the Opposition."

The Speaker concurred with Mr. Allah Baksh and adjourned the House till to-morrow 11 a.m.—A. P.

CENTRAL GOVT. EMPLOYEES IN PROVINCES

Proposal To Pay Dearness Allowance Under Consideration

NEW DELHI, March 5.

It is understood that in accordance with the statement made by the Finance Member in replying to the General debate on the Budget in the Assembly, a proposal is under consideration for giving low-paid staff of the Central Government in the provinces a dearness allowance equivalent to what the Provincial Government have given to their staff. In a full year if all schemes are in operation the cost is estimated at Rs. 20 lakhs.—A. P.

Kolhapur Muslims To Boycott Elections

KOLHAPUR, March 6.

The Kolhapur Muslims have resolved to boycott the city municipal elections which will be held on March 18.—A. P.

RESERVE STOCK OF QUININE

NEW DELHI, March 6.

"The reserve stock of quinine with the Government of India which had fallen to 90,000 lbs. has been raised by purchases to 150,000 lbs. in order that Government may be in a position to meet exceptional demands arising from epidemic conditions", said Mr. J. D. Tyson in the Assembly this morning in reply to Mr. A. N. Chattopadhyaya.—A. P.

Will Face Danger Unitedly

Complete Agreement On Balkan Situation Between Greece And Britain

ATHENS, March 6.

"Complete agreement" on all aspects of the Balkan situation between the British and Greek Governments is announced in an official communique issued here on Wednesday night on the conclusion of Mr. Eden's visit.

The communique reads: Mr. Eden and General Sir John Dill arrived in Athens on an official visit on March 2. They were received by the King and President of the Council with whom they had long discussions.

Mr. Eden expressed admiration for the heroic resistance and victories of the Greek army. On his side Monsieur Korizis, the Greek Premier, once more expressed the deep gratitude of the Greek Government and people for the valuable help given by Great Britain to Greece in her fight against Italy following unprovoked aggression of which she was a victim at the hands of the latter.

The two Governments proceeded to a thorough review of the situation in the Balkans where all their efforts continue to be directed towards preventing extension of the war. They found themselves in complete agreement on all aspects of the situation.

Mr. Eden issued a message to Greece on the conclusion of his visit. "General Dill and I have been the guests of Greece at an eventful moment. We are deeply moved by our welcome."

Mr. Eden praised the Greeks "brilliant feats of arms" in reply to Italy's "brutal attack". "It was said in Athens 2,300 years ago that the secret of happiness is freedom and that the secret of freedom is courage.

You are giving new life to this great tradition. We in England are proud that the Royal Navy and R.A.F. have had the privilege of contributing to your brilliant victories. The future may be arduous but be assured, we shall not rest or falter until final victory is won."

Sir John Dill called at the German G. H. Q. in Athens on Wednesday according to the Athens radio. He was joined there by King George of Greece.

A Greater Reich Province

Plight Of Italy Under German Occupation

WASHINGTON, March 6.

German occupation of Italy is reported here to be more complete than the occupation of Bulgaria. All Italian harbours are now said to be under German control and Italian secret police are said to be directed by high Gestapo officials.

Consequently, Italy is now regarded here as little more than a province of greater Reich. There is good reason to believe that the German occupation of Italy is the cause of the United States asking Italy to close its consulates at Detroit (Michigan) and Newark (Rhode islands) ("for reasons of national policy") and remove the personnel thereof from the United States, which will prevent transference of the personnel to Italian Consulates elsewhere in the United States. The request follows the recent action of Italy asking the United States to close its consulates in Naples and Palermo which is attributed to the occupation of large sections of Italy particularly Sicily by German troops.—Reuter.

VICHY DECREE FOR COLONIAL EMPIRE

VICHY, March 6.

The laws promulgated last year forbidding French merchant seamen to serve belligerent powers is made applicable to the French Colonial Empire by a decree published in the Official Gazette.

French seamen are forbidden to serve in French vessels controlled by a foreign belligerent power and merchant captains warned against withdrawing their vessels from French control.—Reuter.

CAROL IN LISBON AFTER HURRIED DEPARTURE FROM SPAIN

Outwits Franco's Police When On Hunting Excursion

LISBON, MARCH 6.

EX-KING CAROL AND MADAME LUPESCU HAVE ARRIVED IN LISBON.

Outwitting General Franco's police ex-King Carol and Madame Lupescu made a dramatic escape from Spain.

It became known to-night that the pair, who had vanished from Seville yesterday, are safe in Portugal, having been equipped with false passports and slipped out of the Andalusia Hotel, their virtual prison for the past five months, and dashed across the frontier in a high powered car.

A large eight-seater luxury car in which they began to drive, has been found abandoned on the outskirts of Badajoz.

It appears they continued to drive to Portugal in a car of different make. Their passports were obtained from a foreigner in Seville.

DODGES ESCORT

The escape of ex-King Carol and Madame Lupescu from Seville was made on Tuesday afternoon, according to a Madrid dispatch received at Vichy.

With Carol at the wheel the pair left the Seville Hotel in a Chrysler car ostensibly for an outing. All their luggage was left behind.

An escort of police officers followed in smaller cars. Suddenly accelerating Carol gave them the slip, turned off the main road and plunged into the mountains between Seville and the Portuguese frontiers, 150 miles away.

Ex-King Carol and Madame Lupescu had been in Spain under police surveillance at Seville Hotel and their escape follows repeated attempts by King Carol to persuade the Spanish Government to permit him to leave the country.

BREACH OF PROMISE

It is believed that ex-King Carol and Madame Lupescu crossed the frontier at Rosal De La Fronders With them in a second car were a number of persons who had previously entered Spain from Portugal.

Before the flight they got rid of their maid servant by sending her out with clothes to be cleaned. They left behind in the hotel four big dogs.

With the exiles' escape the Spanish press broke its silence to-day for the first time about their presence in Spain, special editions being published announcing their flight.

Fears for ex-King Carol's life were expressed when it was reported that a trio of Iron Guardists had left Rumania for Spain. Then General Antonescu signed decrees blocking his shares and accounts and confiscating all his property in Rumania.

The E. F. E. Spanish News Agency to-day accuses ex-King Carol of having "violated his promise to stay in Seville."

FORD & LINDBERGH AS NAZI SPIES IN U. S. A.?

SAN FRANCISCO, March 6.

The German Consul-General Captain Wiedemann is alleged to have received over five million dollars from Germany for espionage in the United States and elsewhere in the Western Hemisphere in a complaint filed in the Federal Court on Wednesday by Mrs. Alice Crockett, a San Francisco woman.

She claims that Captain Wiedemann sent her to Germany on a confidential mission and that when she returned he refused to pay the 8,000 dollars which she demanded for her expenses.

She also declares that Captain Wiedemann told her that the German Government planned to promote strife and class hatred for the purpose of destroying unity and undermining the strength of the United States.

ALLEGATIONS AGAINST FORD

Mrs. Crockett also alleges that Wiedemann was "active in secretly storing large quantities of ammunition to be used by the German-American Bund fighting against the Government of the United States."

She also says that Captain Wiedemann directed the activities of the Bund in the United States and that he told her he "worked together with" Col. Lindbergh and Henry Ford.

Another allegation is that the German Government employed Princess Hohenlohe Waldenburg whose duty it was to contact and pay people employed in espionage for Germany.

The Immigration Service Appeals Board at Washington to-day rejected an appeal by Princess Hohenlohe Waldenburg against the deportation order made against her in last January.—Reuter.

FRANCO-THAI ARMISTICE

Indefinite Extension Of Duration Of Period Announced

SHANGHAI, March 6.

Franco-Thailand Armistice has been extended indefinitely and it can only be denounced after a period of notice, it is officially announced in Hanoi.

An earlier London cable stated: **An agreement on the principal points of the Japanese mediation proposals for settlement of the Thai-Indo-China dispute has been reached, says the Japanese News Agency.**

The announcement is made in a joint "communique" by Japan, France and Thailand, which adds that the remaining points of detail are likely to be settled in a few days.

French Naval Forces Strengthened

The French Ambassador in Tokyo met the Japanese Foreign Minister, Mr. Matsuoka, this afternoon to discuss outstanding points between Indo-China and Thailand. A report from Saigon says that the French Naval forces in the Far East have been considerably strengthened by the arrival of two submarines and a tender ship.

Blockading China

TOKYO.—New disembarkations of Japanese forces in South China are reported. Following the occupation of Pakhoi on the Gulf Tonkin 70 miles from the Indo-China border, Japanese forces have occupied various points along a 250 miles strip of the South China coast from Kwanghoi South of Macao to Pakhoi, according to a Domei dispatch from Canton. The Japanese have also occupied 85 miles of railway from Sunwui near Kwanghoi to Towshan. The object of these movements is stated to be to cut off the supply routes to the Chungking Government.

Mystery Movement Of Japanese Warships

According to the Chinese press, more than 100 Japanese warships including destroyers have reached Fukien (South China) Coast in the past few days. Many of them have since left in the direction of the South Pacific.

Shipping Losses

Nearly 200 Japanese warships and merchantmen have been sunk in the Sino-Japanese conflict.

Naval headquarters of the Chinese National Military Council on Wednesday announced that 192 Japanese ships had been sunk and 188 damaged by Chinese shore batteries and river mines upto the end of last year.

The vessels sunk include 27 medium sized warships and 26 transports. The damage done to Japanese shipping is estimated at nearly 200 million dollars.—Reuter.

Watch This Aggressor: He Is Moving

CANBERRA, March 6.

"Nobody can escape the fact that the aggressor is on the move, thus affecting Pacific countries", said the Australian Labour Leader, Mr. Curtin, in a press interview. "Until the aggressor stops moving it will be a major blunder for any Australian to disregard the strategic potentialities of the position."—Reuter.

300 Teachers On Hunger-Strike

Demand 'Duty Pay' For Period Under Training

AUTHORITIES THREATEN DISCIPLINARY ACTION: SCHOOL BOARDS STATE, IT IS GOVT.'S RESPONSIBILITY

AHMEDABAD, March 6.

About 300 primary school teachers including about 50 women, undergoing training in different training institutions of Gujarat have gone on hunger-strike to-day demanding "duty pay" for the period under training.

The School Boards of the local bodies of Gujarat contend that as Government shoulder the responsibility of training teachers they should pay and not the Local Boards who are not in a position to bear any additional burden.

A meeting of all the primary school teachers of Ahmedabad has been convened this evening to express sympathy with the hunger-strikers.—A. P.

DISCIPLINARY ACTION THREATENED

(From Our Correspondent).

AHMEDABAD, March 6.

About 136 teachers including 36 ladies of District School Board receiving training in P. R. Training College for men and Mahalaxmi Women's Training College have gone on hunger-strike from to-day as their demand for grant of full "duty pay" has not been conceded by the School Board.

The teachers have given an ultimatum which expired yesterday.

Muslim teachers, about 50 of the Urdu Training School have also joined strike. About 26 teachers, who are not in the employ of the School Board have also joined the strike for two days only in sympathy.

The teachers determined to continue their fast till their demand is met by the School Board. They will attend their classes as usual on hungry stomach till they are physically able to attend classes.

It is reported that the Board authorities as also the Director of the Public Instruction do not approve of the step taken by teachers and have threatened disciplinary measures against hunger-striking teachers.

Teachers of the School Board plead paucity of finance and of opinion that Government should enhance the grant of School Boards if full "duty pay" is to be given.

A Surat report states that about 60 teachers of the Surat Training College have also gone on hunger-strike from to-day for the same reason.

RESPONSIBILITY OF GOVERNMENT

School Boards of Gujarat in the course of a statement in regard to "Duty Pay" say:

The primary teachers under the Local Authorities of Gujarat have unitedly taken up the question concerning the anomalies in the grant of "Duty Pay". It has been noticed that they have decided to go on fast if they are not done justice. In this connection the Chairman of the School Boards of Gujarat have published a noteworthy statement showing the attitude of Government in the matter and that it was Government that was responsible for it, which is as under:—

The responsibility for training the primary teachers has hitherto been that of Government since the enforcement of the P. E. Act. This responsibility has not been laid down upon the Local Board or the Municipality from the very beginning when the financial responsibilities were fixed up at the time of transfer. Again the Educational Department selects the teachers for training according to its convenience and the conditions laid down by it, and the teachers go up for training bearing in mind the pecuniary advantage they would get in future, if they are trained up.

The number of teachers to be deputed is fixed by Government and their selection is also made by the Educational Department. The School Board is not consulted in this matter. The School Board has no say in determining the training to be imparted to the teachers as also in the curriculum to be fixed for it.

Thus no responsibility on account of the teachers deputed for training rests at all with the School Board, Local Board or the Municipality. The responsibility of the School Board is only for the management of the primary schools in its jurisdiction, and the division of the financial responsibilities has also been made from this view point only.

CONGRESS M.L.A. IN JAIL RETURNED UNOPPOSED

District Council Elections In Damoh (C. P.)

(From Our Correspondent.)

JUBBULPORE, March 6.

In the election of the Chairman of the District Council, Damoh, held yesterday Mr. Premshankar Dhagat, M.L.A. (a Congressman in jail) was returned unopposed. Mr. Raghubarprasad Mody, President, Damoh District Congress, was elected Vice-Chairman and he will be officiating as Chairman during Mr. Dhagat's absence.

KRIPALANI FOR NAGAR

POONA, March 6.

Acharya J. B. Kirpalani, General Secretary of the All-India Congress Committee, is expected to arrive here this evening. It is understood that Mr. Kripalani will visit Ahmednagar to-morrow and return to Poona the next day. After addressing meetings both at Ahmednagar and Poona in connection with election propaganda Mr. Kripalani, it is understood, will visit Sholapur on March 9.—A. P.

King & Queen Visit Glasgow

LONDON, March 6.

The King and Queen paid an eight-hour visit to Glasgow on Wednesday and were given tremendous welcome by the dockers and shipyard workers who surrounded Their Majesties cheering and waving their caps. The King talked to dockers' leaders on the importance of handling ships quickly and was assured by Mr. J. C. Maclean, Secretary of the Scottish Transport Workers Union that all their energies were directed to unloading ships in the shortest possible time.

"I am very glad to hear that. It is of vital importance in these days," said the King. The King and Queen visited factories in one of which army blankets and webbing equipment are being made side by side with carpets and inspected a big parade of A.R.P. personnel and Home Guard. Vast crowds cheered them at all points of their drives round the city.—Reuter.

"NATIONAL DAY OF PRAYERS"

LONDON, March 5.

At the desire of the King, Sunday (March 23rd) will be observed as a National Day of Prayer "for strength and guidance in the days to come and thanksgiving for blessings already received," says a Buckingham Palace announcement.

TREATMENT OF POLITICALS

Indignant Protest By Madras Meeting

(From Our Correspondent.)

MADRAS, March 6.

Indignant protests were made at a huge public meeting in Mylapore against the treatment meted out to political prisoners. A retired District Judge presided. The President declared that only mass action would arouse the bureaucracy.

Three Fine Musical Films

Robert Montgomery And Constance Cumings in 'Busman's Honeymoon' at Metro.

A scene from 'Tin Pan Alley', a musical comedy at Regal.

"Tin Pan Alley" At Regal

Alice Faye And Betty Crable In Fine Musical Comedy

Twentieth Century Fox "Tin Pan Alley", which stars Alice

(Continued in Col. 3.)

Stanley Lupino in 'Hold My Hand' at Excelsior.

BUSMAN'S HONEYMOON AT METRO

Robert Montgomery And Constance Cummings In Star Roles

"Once a detective always a detective is a safe rule. No one ever met an ex-detective. Even when they retire, members of the fraternity seem to be drawn irresistibly into new fields of investigation—maybe because by training they can scent out any mystery in their vicinity or maybe (though less probably) through plain fate. They may make up their minds to steer clear of trouble, they may even take vows about it, as Lord Peter Wimsey does in the new Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer British production at Metro "Busman's Honeymoon," starring Robert Montgomery, but when a murder mystery presents itself, such vows tend to snap.

Lord Peter Wimsey, amateur detective and one of the most delightful and best-known character in modern fiction, is a creation of Dorothy L. Sayers, best-selling novelist, who also evolved the character of Harriet Vane, authoress of detective thrillers. In the picture these roles are filled by Robert Montgomery and Constance Cummings. If it does indeed take opposites to make a match, the union of Peter and Harriet should be a lasting and successful one, for he is an aristocrat, a dilettante and on the surface a trifler with life, whose somewhat flippant English exterior conceals a rapier-like mind, a balanced judgment of men and affairs and a dogged tenacity; while Harriet, though undeniably beautiful, is outwardly a severely practical commonsense sort of a person, who brings to her creative work the remorseless logic of the Oxford undergraduate, while being at heart a pure romantic. Dorothy L. Sayer's delineation of this character and its development by director Arthur Woods, is masterly.

'HOLD MY HAND' AT EXCELSIOR

Stanley Lupino And Fred Emney In Bright Comedy

Stanley Lupino has been teamed with Fred Emney in his new comedy "Hold My Hand", which started at the Excelsior on Thursday, and the new combination is a welcome one.

We all know Stanley, his laughter-making propensities never fail, a lively comedian, the mercurial temperament personified. Emney makes a grand foil for Stanley's exuberance, getting his laughs with a minimum of business, a sure sign of the inspired comedian.

The picture itself contains all the ingredients of success, comedy, snappy music, and three young ladies who take care of successful visual appeal Sally Gray, Barbara Blair and Polly Ward. John Wood is worth mentioning for many things, but chiefly for being a juvenile lead whom men can watch without wishing to reach for a large well seasoned cricket bat or similar "blunt instrument."

All in all, Fred Emney finds himself in a front rank part in company worthy of his mettle, and we suspect that Stanley will congratulate Fred on his work, as well as himself on his choice of a partner for this film

(Continued from Col. 1.)

Faye and Betty Crable comes to the Regal Theatre on Saturday.

With Jack Oakie and John Payne heading a brilliant featured cast, "Tin Pan Alley" is built around a compelling love story between a rising music publisher and a singer of song.

Woven into the story are some of the most stirring and haunting of old and new song hits. Some of America's greatest popular song writers of yesterday and to-day contribute their best and biggest successes to "Tin Pan Alley".

FINE MUSICAL AT CAPITOL

Mickey Rooney And Judy Garland In 'Strike Up The Band'

Mickey Rooney, Judy Garland, June Preisser and other clever youngsters appear again in "Strike Up The Band" a merry musical of youth which will be shown at the Capitol Cinema from Friday.

This time Mickey and Judy organise a high school swing band and put on a show to raise money for a trip to Paul Whiteman's radio contest for school bands in Chicago. Mickey meets Whiteman (played by the orchestra leader in person), all is set for the trip, then one of their pals needs the money for medical aid to save his life, and they make

(Continued in Col. 5.)

Charlie Chaplin and Paulette Goddard in 'the Great Dictator' at Empire.

The Half-Column By "Dim"

C. L. Sulzberger writing in the "New York Times" on "Yugoslavia faces peril of isolation" sais: "Not long ago a British diplomat saw a Serbian peasant driving his pig to market and heard him as he whisked the animal with a switch say: "Get along there, Churchill." Somewhat irritated at this application of the Premier's name, the Englishman asked "Why do you call him Churchill?" "Because," said the peasant, "he is my last hope" and he trudged off to the market."

That's the sort of story that makes subtle propaganda.

Overheard at a local hotel—Dashing Young Man trying to start conversation with one of the troupe of Australian Nurses now in Bombay: "Haven't we met somewhere before?" Australian Nurse with biting sense of humour: "Yes, of course, Mr. Livingstone I presume", (Copyright Reserved).

I am often being asked to speak or take part in a debate by a number of organisations and have constantly to decline the invitation. The reason is that there is no real life behind these debates, nothing vital that matters, nothing of any burning importance. Academic debates on such subjects as Brotherhood, Marriage, Social Reform are a bit out of date nor is there any sense in debating about subjects on which most people agree. What is debatable is never debated, I find. The reason given is that the issue is too controversial. Well that's exactly the right subject for debate. For instance, I'd revel in a debate on Pakistan with the great Mr. Jinnah on the other side. Or on the British Government's Indian policy with any representative of the British Empire, from the Viceroy upwards and downwards.

Dhrangadhra-Jodhpur Alliance

JODHPUR, March 6.

The engagement of Maharajkumar Mayuradhwajsingh, heir-apparent to the Dhrangadhra State to Princess Brijraj Kumari of Jodhpur, and that of his younger brother, Virendrasingh with the sister of the Princess, was announced on March 3 at Jodhpur amidst great rejoicings.

The ceremony was performed at Ratanada Palace.

The engagement of Maharajkumar Hanuwantsinghji, heir-apparent to the Jodhpur State, to Princess Krishnakumari of Dhrangadhra was announced yesterday. The Tika ceremony was performed last evening at Raikabag Palace.

The house of Jhalas ruling at Dhrangadhra, Kathiawar, has had bonds of relationship with the Rathores of Jodhpur from ancient days.

The Maharaja of Dhrangadhra and party left Jodhpur this morning.—A.P.

"Andy Hardy Meets Debutante" At Broadway

The Hardy Family hits the Big Town and Andy crashes the "400" in "Andy Hardy Meets Debutante," now showing in its second run at Broadway, Dadar.

In this ninth and latest of the popular series there is the same human, down-to-earth drama, spiced with laughs, that has made the Hardy Family kin to all.

SUNDAY SHOW AT REGAL.

On Sunday morning at 10.30, "Blossom Time" starring Richard Tauber will be shown at the Regal.

SUNDAY SHOW AT CAPITOL.

"If I Were King", with Ronald Coleman, Frances Dee and Basil Rathbone will be shown at the Capitol Cinema on Sunday morning at 10-30.

(Continued from Col. 4.)

the sacrifice. But thanks to the town millionaire, they make the trip and win the contest.

The elaborate musical programme of the picture includes, besides the numbers listed above, "Strike Up the Band", "Father, Dear Father", "She's More to Be Pitied Than Censured", "I Just Can't Make My Eyes Behave", "Ta Ra Ra Bromde-Ay" and "Drummer Boy", the last number played by Mickey Rooney's band, with a drum solo by Rooney.

SUNDAY SHOW AT METRO.

On Sunday, March 9th at 10 a.m., Metro-Goldwyn Mayer's spectacular romance with mirth and melody, "Honolulu" starring Eleanor Powell and Robert Taylor, will be shown.

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OE/34/40

MUTT AND JEFF—And Then the kid Made a Carbon Copy of His Stomach

By BUD FISHER

THIS JOB'S A CINCH. WATCHING MRS. GOOTCH'S BABY FOR SIXTY CENTS!
GLA DO GA!
EEEEE MY BABY! SHE DRANK INK!
NUH?
OH, YOU FOOL! GIVING A BABY A BOTTLE OF INK TO PLAY WITH!
?
OH, WHAT'LL I DO? WHAT'LL I DO? MY DARLING DRANK INK!
GOO
HERE, MRS. GOOTCH-FEED HER THESE BLOTTERS!
FISHER

"Caste System In The Army"

PANDIT KUNZRU ATTACKS AND C-IN-C., SAYS SYSTEM OF RECRUITMENT ON A CLASS BASIS IS NOT IMMUTABLE

NEW DELHI, March 6.

His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief made important announcements in the Council of State while moving the substitute resolution.

His Excellency said that the Madras Regiment which was abolished in 1926 would be revived and restored to its rightful place in the Army list, and the permanent representation of the other provinces hitherto not mentioned in the Army List would be given in the same way.

Opening the debate on his resolution recommending that "the additional forces required to expand the army which have hitherto been recruited from a few classes and areas only be in future raised from all classes and provinces in adequate numbers," Pandit Kunzru traced the history of the Indian army to the time when the Committee known as the Simla Organisation Committee recommended that the mixed system should be given up in the Bengal army and that the recruitment should be based on a class system.

CONFINED TO CERTAIN AREAS

The result of resorting to the class system of recruitment was that recruitment was confined more and more to certain areas. Thus fewer and fewer people of this country got an opportunity of serving their country in a military capacity. He said that in reply to a question in the Council he was told in November last that out of 94,000 people recruited nearly 60 per cent. were from the Punjab and only a little over 12 or 13 per cent. from the United Provinces. That showed that the recruitment being carried on at the present time in connection with the expansion of the forces was on the same basis on which the main army was recruited.

"If India is to be a dominion", continued the speaker, "the British Government should evolve such a policy as would enable all provinces to take part in the defences."

Concluding, the speaker said that India was modernising in every way and it was necessary that the army also should be placed on a new basis. The caste system was breaking down throughout the country. Why should it not break down in the army?

C-IN-C.'S AMENDMENT

The Commander-in-Chief moved the following amendment:—

"This Council, while recognising that, to begin with, the army could be most speedily expanded only on the existing basis of recruitment, recommends to the Governor-General in Council that the army authorities should now review sources of man-power throughout the country and should exclude no class or area from consideration for recruitment in the formation of new units."

After briefly reviewing the existing situation and more briefly still the way in which that situation had come about, His Excellency said. "As you know, for the last eighty years or so there have been no wars worth the name civil or otherwise, within the frontiers of India proper. Before this time there were three distinct armies in India, the armies of Madras, Bombay and Bengal. The cessation of armed strife in the country itself and the removal of war and the threat of war to the north-western approaches of India resulted to some extent in the rusting, as it might be called, of the two southern armies and particularly perhaps of the Madras army."

In the war of 1914-18 expansion generally speaking followed the lines of the existing class composition of the army. After the war the army was drastically reduced, becoming much smaller than it had been in 1914 or indeed for a very long time. In these circumstances one can hardly blame them for clinging to those races and classes which had proved themselves as soldiers for a long period of years, instead of launching out into experiments with less well-tried material.

"CLASS BASIS"

Proceeding His Excellency said: "Here I would like the House to consider for a moment how technical and complicated is the process of expanding or raising an army. To form new units one must have a leaven of trained officers and non-commissioned officers. One cannot just collect a thousand men and say "Let there be a battalion." The idea that all that is required in the forming of new units is to collect the requisite number of men, clothe them, arm them and train them to stand in line or march is quite erroneous. A modern unit, say a battalion or infantry, is a complicated and intricate fighting machine which takes months to put together in running order.

Generally speaking, the Indian army is organised on a class basis, that is to say we have units, which may be battalions, companies, squadrons or platoons, each composed of one class. This system is of long standing and owes its existence to the difficulties which are involved in the administration of a unit comprising men of all classes and creeds and of widely different habits.

HAZARDOUS EXPERIMENT

I do not say for one moment that this system is immutable. It has been and is being modified in certain directions already. The Indian Military Academy at Dehra Dun is an outstanding example and I believe that considerable progress in the abolition of class exclusiveness among the rank and file has been made in the Royal Indian Army and Indian Air Force. These services, however, important as they are, are relatively small forces compared with the "Indian army, which moreover has its own very strong and ancient traditions. To attempt to change these traditions and to introduce radical alterations in the system of army organisation in the middle of a war, would, I think, be a most hazardous experiment.

H's Excellency announced that he had already issued instructions that the old Madras regiment, which finally disappeared in 1926 is to be revived and restored to its rightful place in the army list. The first battalion of this regiment, which will be a regular battalion, is to be raised forthwith and will carry on its colours the battle honours of the old Madras Army some of which go back to nearly 200 years. "I hope before long to be able to ensure the permanent representation of other provinces hitherto not mentioned in the Army List in the same way."

Sir A. P. Patro gave a history of the Madras army and its achievements. He said that the people of Madras were suffering, not because of lack of numbers, but because they were poor and lacked opportunity for service. He welcomed the announcement of His Excellency about the revival of the Madras Regiment.

Nawabzada Khurshid Ali Khan said that the Punjab had no objection to recruitment from other provinces but he hoped that the present strength of the Punjab army in the defence force would be maintained.

Mr. P. N. Sapru was glad that the Commander-in-Chief had conceded the main principle of Mr. Kunzru's resolution. Those who were for widening the basis of recruitment were, he said, pleased to note that the experiment to achieve that aim had succeeded, which was evident from the speech of the Commander-in-Chief. The main difference between the Government and the Opposition was one of pace and not method. Looking at the question from the point of view of a free India, the speaker saw no reason why provinces other than the Punjab which made equal contributions to the general revenue should be debarred from the privilege of recruitment to the army.

Mr. V. V. Kalikar said that if India as a whole was to contribute effective and material help to win the war, then all classes should be imbued with the idea that they were not going to be denied the opportunity of service in the army on regional or sectarian considerations.

C.-IN-C.'S REPLY.

Winding up the debate, the Commander-in-Chief said that there was a certain amount of misapprehension in the minds of certain members who had suggested that by recruitment in all provinces, there would be even distribution of military expenditure.

He explained that a very small part of the military expenditure went to men in the form of salaries. Most of the money was spent on equipment, ammunition and clothing. This money was being spent in factories situated all over the country.

The Commander-in-Chief emphasised that his primary task was to get on with the war, and that before he did anything which altered the existing organisation or arrangement, he must think about it very carefully. He assured the House, however, that he would give every possible consideration to the suggestions made by the members.

The resolution was thereupon withdrawn, and the Commander-in-Chief's motion was passed.

The House adjourned till March 10.—A. P.

COLONELS WHO SHOULD BE SPELT WITH 'K'

(Continued from Page 10)

of the Civil Aviation Department gave figures to prove his contention that progress made in India was unsatisfactory compared to that registered in other countries. India he said only had a total of 76 aircraft till March 31, 1939. He complained that according to his information, most of the planes operating in India were second-hand and were without wireless apparatus. He also complained that the Mussalmans did not have a fair deal with regard to appointment either as pilots, ground engineers or aerodrome officers.

Mr. F. Tymms Director of Civil Aviation, explained that because of lack or ground organisation and owing to retrenchment of funds, it was found necessary to start the operation of air services with small aircraft, without wireless and with only one crew.

Mr. Tymms refuted the statement that a large number of second-hand aircraft were operating in India. That he said was not strictly true; the main fleet of the two services operating in India were new; but he reminded the House that there was no operating company in the world which did not have second-hand aircraft.

He replied in detail to Sir Raza Ali's criticisms regarding accidents and explained that it was not possible to publish in full reports of investigations into accidents.

Sir Andrew Clow winding up the discussion admitted that there were few Mussalmans in the Civil Aviation Services and there was no communal reservation in recruitment. He however doubted if communal reservations would have made any difference. For, he claimed that not a single qualified and trained Mussalman was out of employment.

Sir Raza Ali's motion was rejected.

Syed Ghulam Bhik Nairang by another cut motion urged the grant of provincial autonomy in Baluchistan.

Mr. O. K. Caroe, Foreign Secretary, declared that the population of Baluchistan was less than two lakhs. They could not but consider representative institutions or constitutional reforms in terms of men. "Is it possible", he asked "to set up a Governor's province for a number of men equal to one tehsil in the Punjab or the United Provinces"?

Proceeding, Mr. Caroe gave figures to show that even now when the reconstruction programme after the earthquake had not been completed per capita expenditure on education in Baluchistan was over twelve annas, which was very much higher than in Madras, Bengal, Behar or United Provinces.

HIT AT JINNAH

Mr. Jinnah: "What is the net result? What is the percentage of literacy"?

Mr. Caroe concluded: "Government are pressed to proceed with the development of representative institutions in this province. The party to which the mover belongs has not infrequently recently criticised the counting of heads. I associate myself with neither of these policies. I am bound with Government to the development of representative institutions in India. But I do not understand a position in which it is suggested in one breath that democracy is unsuited to this country and in the other that it should be given." (Loud cheers).

Further debate was adjourned till tomorow.—A. P.

KAMALA NEHRU HOSPITAL

(Continued from Page 6.)

naries for introduction of regional languages for medical training when (if language has anything to do with medical training at all) there is an urgent need of a single national language—Hindustani—and the need of transcription of scientific terminology itself remains unattended, is significant of the utter lack of realities of the actual situation that is exhibited by our medical 'leaders.'

I feel confident that men like Jawaharlal Nehru who possess vision will not fail to give careful attention to the national problem that awaits solution. The various planning schemes under consideration of the group of which the Pandit is an important member cannot exclude the vital subject of medical organization: and no approach to the problem could be adequate unless the fullest consideration were given to the backward and reactionary conditions that are allowed to exist in the sphere of medicine in this country. Nothing short of a thorough overhauling of the existing system would meet the demands of the situation and I would particularly invite Dr. Jivraj Mehta to devote himself to the study of this important subject. Those of us who respect the memory of Kamaladevi would like to see the hospital established as her memorial hospital to become a national institution as a centre of medical research in the country.

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BOMBAY: FRIDAY, MARCH 7, 1941

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POLICE RAID ALLAHABAD CONGRESS OFFICE

Typewriter And Papers Seized

SATYAGRAHA ARRESTS AND CONVICTIONS

LUCKNOW, March 5.

Mr. Ajit Prasad Jain, M.L.A. and ex-Parliamentary Secretary to the U. P. Government has been sentenced to one year's R. I. and a fine of Rs. 150 in default two months more under the Defence of India rules.—A. P.

ALLAHABAD CONGRESS OFFICE SEARCHED

ALLAHABAD, March 6.

The City Congress and District Congress Committee offices were searched this morning and certain papers and typewriter taken by the police.

Mr. Mahabir Singh, Secretary of the City Congress Committee and Mr. Debsaran Singh, Secretary of the District Congress Committee, were taken into custody.—United Press.

3 CONGRESSMEN ARRESTED

P. V. Mithaiwala, F. M. Pinto And S. D. Patwa Taken To Nasik

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Three Congressmen selected by the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee for offering Satyagraha in the city this evening, were arrested in the early hours of the morning to-day and taken to Nasik for detention.

They are Mr. Purushottam Vrijlal Mithaiwala, Treasurer of the "C" Ward Congress Committee, Mr. F. M. Pinto, member of the "A" Ward Congress Committee and General Secretary of the Nationalist Christian Party, and Mr. Shivlal Dipchand Patwa, member of the "A" Ward Congress Committee.

With to-day's quota, the total number of Congresssmen arrested in Bombay in connection with the Satyagraha campaign is 78.

The next batch of Satyagrahis from Bombay includes Mr. M. F. Savant, Acting President of the "E" Ward Congress Committee, and Mr. Kirtanlal M. Dharya.

In the Bombay Suburban District there will be no Satyagraha till Monday.

MR. PURUSHOTTAM MITHAIWALA who was arrested on Thursday.

MR. F. M. PINTO, Secretary of Nationalist Christian Party, who was arrested on Thursday.

THREE CONVICTIONS IN THANA

"C" Class Given To Satyagrahis

(From Our Correspondent).

THANA, March. 5.

Yadneshwar Deorao Babre, a Congress worker of Chinchni, Taluka Dahanu, who was arrested on the 28th of last month for offering Satyagraha was tried to-day by the Additional District Magistrate Thana for an offence under Rule 38(1)5 of Defence of India Rules. The Satyagrahi, pleading guilty to the charge, was convicted and sentenced to suffer six months' simple imprisonment. He is given "C" Class.

Gangaram Bhutaji Mhaske, a Congress worker of Ambernath Taluka Kalyan who was arrested on 1st March for offering Satyagraha was tried to-day by the Additional District Magistrate, Thana for an offence under Rule 38(1)5 of Defence of India Rules. He was convicted and sentenced to suffer six months' simple imprisonment. He is given "C" Class.

Krishanji Ganpat Bhere, a Congress worker of Dhasal, Taluka Shahapur, who was arrested on 1st March for offering Satyagraha at Dhasai was tried to-day by the Thana Town Sub-Divisional Magistrate for an offence under Rule 38(1)5 of Defence of India Rules. The Satyagrahi, who pleaded guilty to the charge was convicted and sentenced to suffer four months' simple imprisonment. He is given "C" Class.

Satpati Congressmen Get 6 Months' S. I.

(From Our Correspondent)

THANA, March 4.

Kashinath Hari Pagdhare and Vasudev Raghunath Meher, both Congress workers of Satpati Tal Palghar, who were arrested on 1st of March for offering "Satyagraha" at Satpati and brought down here were tried by the Additional District Magistrate, Thana for offences under the Defence of India Rules.

They were sentenced each to six months' S. I. and a fine of Rs. 25, in default to undergo a further term of 15 days S. I.. Both have been given "C" class.

MR. SHIVLAL DIPCHAND PATWA who was arrested on Thursday.

Mr. Madhav Krishna Deshpande, who offered Satyagraha at Bandra on Tuesday has been jailed for 6 months.

In Gujarat

AHMEDABAD, March 6.

Mr. Ratilal Deshibhai Patel was arrested to-day at Lambha village in Ahmedabad District while offering Satyagraha.—A. P.

MORE SENTENCES IN KAIRA DIST.

(From Our Correspondent).

NADIAD, March 5.

Messrs Nathabhai Gopaldas Patel; Naranbhai Punambhai and Haribhai Ranchhodbhai Rana, all of them arrested in Matar taluka in connection with the Satyagraha movement have been sentenced to six months' S. I. while Mr. Shivabhai Tulasibhai Patel is sentenced to seven months' S. I.

Mr. Lallubhai Kalidas, an eminent Satyagrahi worker of Mahelaj passed away recently. His whole family was attached to the Satyagraha movement since 1930-31. He had obtained permission to offer Satyagraha but, unfortunately, he passed away before he could do so.

MORE CONVICTIONS

The following have also been convicted in connection with the Satyagraha movement:—

Mr. Manibhai Dahyabhai of Borsad taluka to six months' S. I. and "C" Class; Mr. Ratanji Khandubhai Desai to six months' S. I. and "B" Class; Mr. Ramanlal Bhailal till rising of the court and Rs. 200 fine and in default of payment of fine two months' more. Mr. Hirabhai Ranchhodbhai of Navagam to seven months' imprisonment and Mr. Govindbhai Amthabhai of Lakshmanpura to six months' S. I.

Mr. Ishverbhai Chhaganbhai of Vansal, taluka Anand has been convicted under Sec. 471, I.P.C. and is sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment and Rs. 30 fine or in default of its payment 15 days more.

CONVICTIONS IN MADRAS

Rigorous Imprisonment For Satyagrahis

MADRAS, March 5.

The following Satyagraha convictions are reported:—

Mr. Rajagurunatha Chettiar, zamindar of Elamballi, Salem, sentenced to six months' R. I. and a fine of Rs. 500 in default further three months' R. I.

Shrimati Unnava Lakshmibayamma, Manager of the Local Sarda School, Guntur, arrested in connection with Satyagraha.

Mr. D. Lakshmayya, Guntur District Board member, sentenced to three months' R. I.

Mr. M. Muthu, Harijan, member of the Salem Panchayat Board, sentenced to six months' R. I. and a fine of Rs. 50 in default further two months' R. I.

Mr. S. Lakshmanan of Gobichettipalayam was sentenced to three months' R. I. and a fine of Rs. 1,000 in default further one month's R. I.—A. P.

3 MONTHS' R. I. FOR LADY SATYAGRAHI

NANDYAL, March 5.

Srimati Yelkur Subbaratnamma, President of the local Vysya Mahila Sangham, who was arrested for offering Satyagraha was convicted by the Joint Magistrate under the Defence of India Rules and sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 1,000, in default further four months' imprisonment.—A. P.

WOMEN SATYAGRAHIS CONVICTED

GUNTURE, March 5.

Three women Satyagrahis were convicted by the Sub-Divisional Magistrate under the Defence of India Rules.

Srimati Unnava Laxshmibayamma, Manager, Sarada Girls School, was sentenced to three months' simple imprisonment.

Srimati G. Lakshamma was sentenced to imprisonment till the rising of the court.

Srimati M. R. Punnamma was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 100 in default seven days' imprisonment.—A. P.

Two More Satyagrahis From Suburbs To Court Arrest

(From Our Correspondent).

ANDHERI: March 6.

Sjt. Kesari Singh Ude Singh is to offer Satyagraha at Kurla on 10th March (Monday) at 6-30 p.m.

On 12th March (Wednesday) Sjt. Manubhai R. Desai of Santa-Cruz, will shout anti-war slogans at 8-30 a.m. in Bajajwadi, Station Road.

9 MONTHS' R. I. FOR MUSLIM SATYAGRAHI

(From A Correspondent)

ETAWAH. (By Mail)

M. Nasceruddin, sub-editor of the well-known Urdu weekly, "Al Bashir" of Etawah, has been awarded 9 months' R.I. for offering Satyagraha in village Datauli, on February 25 and has been fined Rs. 25. In default he has to undergo a further term of 2 weeks. M. Nasceruddin has been working on the editorial staff of the "Al' Bashir" for about ten years.

PRAJA MANDAL WORKER JAILED

(From Our Correspondent).

JAIPUR, March. 4.

Judgment was delivered to-day by the City Magistrate in the case against Sjt. Parmeshwar Dayal Vidyarthi, B.A, LL.B., a Praja Mandal worker. Sjt. Vidyarthi has been sentenced to undergo rigorous imprisonment for one year and a half, and fined Rs. 50 or 15 days' imprisonment in default. He was arrested on January 16 under the Defence of India Rules for the alleged publication in Praja Mandal Bulletin of a statement that was submitted in writing by Sjt. Tarkeshwar Sharma in the Jhunjhunu Court.

FRESH ELECTIONS IN C. P. NEXT YEAR

(From Our Correspondent)

JUBBULPORE, March 6.

It is authoritatively understood that the Provincial Government intends holding fresh elections to C.P. Berar Legislative Assembly in February next year and that of the superseded Jubbulpore Municipality in August, 1941, and has ordered preparations of Assembly electoral rolls which will cost the Government about 75 thousand rupees.

Colonels Who Should Be Spelt With 'K'

SUPPLY DEPARTMENT UNDER FIRE

Foreign Secretary's Retort To Jinnah

NEW DELHI, March 6.

The working of the Supply Department and the relations between the Eastern Group Supply Council and the provision offices were explained by Sir M. Zafrullah in the Assembly to-day in reply to a debate initiated by Sir Ziauddin on a cut motion.

Sir Ziauddin made it clear that he was not against the war efforts, but he wanted that India's limited resources should be well organised, well co-ordinated and well economised. He directed his criticism to cases of what he regarded as too rapid promotion from one military rank to another, and declared it was an insult that one who could not handle a rifle should become a Lieut.-Col.

Such colonels, he asked, should be spelt with a 'K' to distinguish them from the real colonels (laughter.) If colonels could be so easily produced, why not all members of the House who could at least use strong language be given that rank (more laughter). He went on to criticise the existing system of tenders, pleaded for constant watch by the Finance Department, suggested a tribunal at the Secretariat of the Supply Department to listen to appeals and asked for rules providing that every person engaged in the Department should disclose half yearly his immovable property, bank deposits and shares.

Mr. M. S. Aney asked how many of the 160 officers for whom provision was made in the budget for the Department were Indians occupying key positions. He also asked for particulars to show how far taking advantage of present conditions, the different provinces were taking steps to build up industries.

SIR ZAFRULLAH'S REPLY

Sir Mohammed Zafrullah disclaimed any attempt to pretend that there might not be or was not room for improvement in the department in various directions. In fact, changes were continuously effected in the organization and methods as improvements suggested themselves. He had been hoping that in the debate suggestions might come to the surface which might be worth investigating further; and he was somewhat disappointed that the debate had not revealed any number of suggestions of that character.

As regards the question what was the control exercised by the Government of India over the department, he pointed out that the two directorates of the Department and those associated with them were in fact the Government of India, and he reminded the House that there was a financial adviser for the whole Department and his representatives were attached to the General Secretariat, the Directorate of Munitions at Calcutta and the Directorate of Supply in Delhi.

As regards complaints of too rapid promotion in the Contracts Directorate, Sir Muhammad Zafrullah pointed out that generally there was some justification because the department had to expand rapidly; but in fact, only two cases had been brought to his notice which required consideration. He had looked into the matter and come to certain arrangements with the Master General of Ordinance which should obviate similar cases recurring in the future.

PREPARED TO INVESTIGATE

Referring to rumours that certain sections of the department were not working entirely aboveboard, he said he too had heard rumours, but he could not condemn anybody on the basis of rumours. If representatives of commercial and industrial community would bring before him concrete cases, he would take the most drastic steps to put them right. He would also guarantee that no such firm or individual would suffer any prejudice on account of the fact that they brought matters to his notice (cheers).

Sir Zafrullah added that we were in the midst of one of the biggest calamities that had ever overtaken the human race, and it was up to all of us to do all we could to avert the consequences of that calamity and people who were doing that were doing no more than the duty of everyone.

SUPPLY COUNCIL

Proceeding to explain the working of the Supply Council, Sir Zafrullah said that the chairman of the Council had arrived, and with him was associated a representative, of India, Mr. M. S. A Hydari, The Australian representative, he believed, had already left and should be at work on the Council within the next few days. Representatives of South Africa and Newzealand were still expected. The Secretary Mr. Whyatt had started the office of the Council, and the Council was now working.

At present, he went on, there were what were known as provision offices in the Mideast, the three participating dominions and the Far East and also in India. All orders by these provision offices with regard to material which could be supplied within the Eastern Group countries would be placed before the central provision office in India. That office would put them before the Eastern Group Supply Council. The Council would allot them wherever there was capacity to fulfil the orders. The actual carrying out of the orders would be the business of the Government of each country.

INDIAN PURCHASES IN AMERICA

The officer in America who was making purchases for India was working in co-operation with the British Purchasing Mission; there was neither overlapping nor competition; the British Purchasing Mission had given to the officer a great deal of assistance for which the Government of India were grateful.

The Roger Mission, he explained, had already submitted to His Majesty's Government a number of most valuable reports, something like seventeen or eighteen of them. Their final report had not yet been submitted, and he believed the mission were engaged in preparing it. He was not aware what the mission's programme hereafter was. He believed that a majority of the members intended to go back to the United Kingdom. He assured the House that the reports submitted by the Roger Mission were bound to be of the greatest value to the war effort of India.

PROVINCIAL CONTROLLERS

As regards provinces, provincial controllers of supplies were all the time compiling information with regard to the capacity of the area under their control; and every encouragement was being given to the provinces to expand their production and undertake new items of production; but he could not say what advantage each province was taking of these opportunties.

Sir Ziauddin withdrew his cut motion.

SLOW AVIATION PROGRESS

Sir Raza Ali moving a cut motion to discuss the general policy

(Continued on page 9,

Charlie Chan Detective Story Day By Day

A DUAL ROLE

NIALL PARRISH SEES TREVOR DROWN, AND EVERYONE BELIEVES THAT IS THE END OF SAM SHALLET'S MURDERER BUT CHARLIE CHAN MAKES THE STARTLING REVELATION THAT RICHTER IS THE GUILTY ONE!
Alfred Andriola
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BUT RICHTER COULDN'T HAVE KILLED SHALLET - HE'S A SICK MAN!
HAH! A MAN WHO FEIGNS ILLNESS - WHO HAS BEAUTIFUL NURSE AS ACCOMPLICE IN CRIME!
BUT YOU SAID YOURSELF TREVOR KILLED SHALLET!
AH - YES - TREVOR DID! BUT TREVOR AND RICHTER - THEY ARE THE SAME MAN!

BANANA BOAT MYSTERY

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